

كيف تكتب فقرة انشائية

في السؤال السادس من ورقة الامتحان يطلب من الطالب كتابة فقرة انشائية عن موضوع من موضوعات المنهج مكولة من ٧٠ إلى ٨٠ كلمة

• حتى تكون الجملة بشكل صحيح يجب أن ندرس الآتي جيداً:

أولاً: ترتيب الجملة

تكملة الجملة	فعل	فاعل
ظرف زمان - مكان / صفة / حال home / yesterday happy / well	مضارع بسيط / ماضى بسيط / مضارع مستمر go / goes / went / is going	شئ My car مكان My school اسم شخص Ahmed

ثانياً: صيغ الجمل المختلفة

صفة + verb to be + فاعل	⇒	My grandfather is kind.
وظيفة + verb to be + فاعل	⇒	My father is a teacher.
مكان + حرف جر + فعل + فاعل	⇒	The laptop is in my room.
زمن + حرف جر + مفعول + فعل + فاعل	⇒	We visited our grandparents on Friday.
مفعول + فعل + فاعل	⇒	I have a mobile phone.
مكان / زمن + حرف جر + فعل + فاعل	⇒	He comes from Giza.

Common writing mistakes

أخطاء شائعة في الكتابة باللغة الانجليزية

وهذه أمثلة من الأخطاء التي يقع فيها كثير من الطلاب:

1 ➤ Definite and indefinite articles (a, an and the)

- ١- نستخدم (a - an) عندما نتحدث عن شيء للمرة الأولى في الجملة.
 - I go to the school, close to the sports club. ✗ الجملة خطأ
 - I go to a school, close to a sports club. ✓ الجملة صحيحة
- ٢- نستخدم (the) عند التحدث عن شيء سبق ذكره.
 - I stayed in the hotel near the station. A hotel was very nice. ✗ الجملة خطأ
 - I stayed in a hotel near the station. The hotel was very nice. ✓ الجملة صحيحة
- ٣- نستخدم (the) عند الإشارة إلى شيء معروف للجميع.
 - Do you know an answer to a teacher's question? ✗ الجملة خطأ
 - Do you know an answer to the teacher's question? ✓ الجملة صحيحة
- ٤- لا نستخدم أدوات عندما نتحدث بشكل عام باستخدام صيغة الجمع مع الاسم الذي يُعد، أو صيغة المفرد مع الاسم الذي لا يُعد.
 - The oranges give us vitamins. ✗ الجملة خطأ
 - Oranges give us vitamins. ✓ الجملة صحيحة

Final Revision

٥- يجب أن توضع (the) أمام أسماء الدول المركبة:

- I live in United States.
- I live in **the** United States.

الجملة خطأ ×

الجملة صحيحة ✓

2 Punctuation

١- نستخدم الحرف الكبير في الكتابة في الحالات الآتية:

وهذه أمثلة من الأخطاء التي تقع فيها:

- الضمير (I) في أي مكان في الجملة.

الجملة خطأ ×

الجملة صحيحة ✓

- الحرف الأول من الكلمة الأولى في الجملة الخبرية أو السؤال.

الجملة خطأ ×

الجملة صحيحة ✓

- i go to school early.

- **I** go to school early.

- maged did his Homework and watched tv.

- **M**aged did his **h**omework and watched **T**V.

- my brother came back from school at 3 p.m, but i came back at 2 p.m.

الجملة خطأ ×

- **M**y brother came back from school at 3 p.m, but **I** came back at 2 p.m.

الجملة صحيحة ✓

- الحروف الأولى من أسماء الأشخاص والدول والمدن والمعالم والأماكن الشهيرة والجنسيات واللغات والاختصارات والألقاب والعناوين وأيام الأسبوع والشهور والمؤسسات والمهرجانات.

- i can speak english and french well.

الجملة خطأ ×

- **I** can speak **E**nglish and **F**rench well.

الجملة صحيحة ✓

• (.) Full stop

٢- توضع النقطة في نهاية الجملة الخبرية و الأمرية.

• (,) Commas

٣- توضع الفواصل لتعبر عن توقفات موجزة في الجمل وبين كلمات في قائمة ويعد No/ Yes ولا نترك مسافة قبل الفواصل عمومًا.

- After I ate I went to sleep

الجملة خطأ ×

- After I ate, I went to sleep.

الجملة صحيحة ✓

• (') Apostrophe

٤- توضع الفاصلة العليا قبل (s) الملكية للاسم المفرد.

- We met at Ali party.

الجملة خطأ ×

- We met at Ali's party.

الجملة صحيحة ✓

- توضع الفاصلة العليا في الاختصارات مثل: lets - don't - its ... etc

- I dont have a car.

الجملة خطأ ×

- I don't have a car.

الجملة صحيحة ✓

• (?) Question mark

٥- توضع علامة الاستفهام في نهاية السؤال.

- Do you have a car Ali

الجملة خطأ ×

- Do you have a car, Ali?

الجملة صحيحة ✓

• (!) Exclamation mark

٦- توضع علامة التعجب في نهاية الجملة الخبرية مثل النقطة لإظهار الدهشة والتعجب.

- what a pity

الجملة خطأ ×

- What a pity!

الجملة صحيحة ✓

3 Common grammatical mistakes:

١- للتعبير عن شيء يحدث باستمرار في حياتنا نستخدم زمن المضارع البسيط وليس المضارع المستمر كما نفعل في اللغة العربية:

- I'm often going to the club on Fridays. × **الجملة خطأ**
- I often go to the club on Fridays. ✓ **الجملة صحيحة**

٢- يأتي دائماً بعد حروف الجر فعل مضافاً له (ing):

- I thanked Ali for help me. × **الجملة خطأ**
- I thanked Ali for helping me. ✓ **الجملة صحيحة**

٣- بعض الأفعال لا يأتي بعدها حرف جر مثل (enjoy) حيث أن معناها يستمتع بـ:

- I enjoyed by the film. × **الجملة خطأ**
- I enjoyed the film. ✓ **الجملة صحيحة**

٤- تذكر أن بعض الكلمات مثل (information / news / equipment) يأتي بعدهم فعل لفاعل مفرد:

- The information you gave me were important. × **الجملة خطأ**
- The information you gave me was important. ✓ **الجملة صحيحة**

٥- انتبه عند استخدام (s) مع الاسم المفرد و (s') مع الاسم الجمع المنتهي بـ (s):

- This is Ahmeds' car. × **الجملة خطأ**
- This is Ahmed's car. ✓ **الجملة صحيحة**
- These are the boys toys. × **الجملة خطأ**
- These are the boys' toys. ✓ **الجملة صحيحة**

٦- الأفعال الناقصة لا يأتي بعدها (to):

- We must to eat healthy food. × **الجملة خطأ**
- We must eat healthy food. ✓ **الجملة صحيحة**

٧- لا نستخدم (that) بعد (should / must):

- You should that study your lessons. × **الجملة خطأ**
- You should study your lessons. ✓ **الجملة صحيحة**

٨- عليك أن تفرق بين استخدام (It's / Its):

• It's = (It is + n / adj / V-ing)
= (It has + n)

- It's (It is) my book. - It's (It is) good to be fit.
- I have a cat, it's (it has) a long tail.

• Its **ضمير ملكية لغير العاقل**

- I have a nice cat. Its tail is long.

A model paragraph

Write a paragraph of EIGHTY (80) words on:

(Your friend)

My friend's name is Ahmed. He is a clever student. He always comes first at school. All his teachers like him. All his friends like him, too. He has many hobbies. He plays chess at home with his brother. He plays football every week with his friends. His favourite food is koshari. He spends his free time reading and writing short stories. He doesn't like watching TV or playing video games. He always helps his mother at home. Ahmed is so kind.



Language Functions

مراجعة على الوظائف اللغوية التي وردت بالوحدات

Unit 1

1 Talking about a family الحديث عن عائلة

• نستخدم زمن المضارع البسيط للحديث عن عائلة:

ex. My parents **are** teachers.

ex. My brother **is** 13 years old.

ex. We **live** in Giza.

ex. We **have** one cousin, Khadeeja.

2 Asking questions عمل الأسئلة

• تذكر تكوين السؤال بكلمة إستفهام:

.....? 5 فعل رئيسي 4 فاعل 3 فعل مساعد / ناقص 2 كلمة إستفهام 1

- يمكن استخدام الصيغة السابقة لعمل أسئلة في زمن المضارع البسيط عن صديقك المفضل.

ex. What **s** his/her name?

ex. Where **does** he/she live?

- تذكر استخدام زمن المضارع البسيط في الإجابة عن الأسئلة السابقة.

ex. His name **is** Alaa.

ex. He **lives** in Al-Haram.

- كما يمكن السؤال بـ (هل) في زمن المضارع البسيط كما يلي:

Do → I / you / we / they + inf?

Does → he / she / it + inf?

ex. **Do** you **listen** to music?

- Yes, I **do**. / No, I **don't**.

Unit 2

1 Asking and answering about timetables السؤل والإجابة عن جداول المواعيد

• للسؤل عن عدد مرات حدوث شيء في المضارع البسيط نستخدم:

How often do / does + فاعل + inf..... ? كم مرة يحدث.....؟

ex. How often do you **get up** at 6.30 a.m?

• للرد نستخدم:

فاعل + adverb of frequency + verb.

I **never get up** at 6.30 a.m! I **usually get up** at 7 a.m.

2 Asking about possession السؤال عن الملكية

• نستخدم كلمة الاستفهام (Whose) للسؤال عن الملكية:

Whose + الشيء / الأشياء + is / are ?

ex. Whose pencil is that?

للإجابة نستخدم ضمائر الملكية / صفات الملكية / (s' / 's):

• It's mine.

• It's my pencil.

• It's Ali's.

3 Asking about the time السؤال عن الوقت

• للسؤال عن وقت حدوث شيء نستخدم أحد الأساليب الآتية:

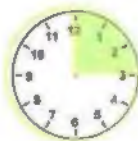
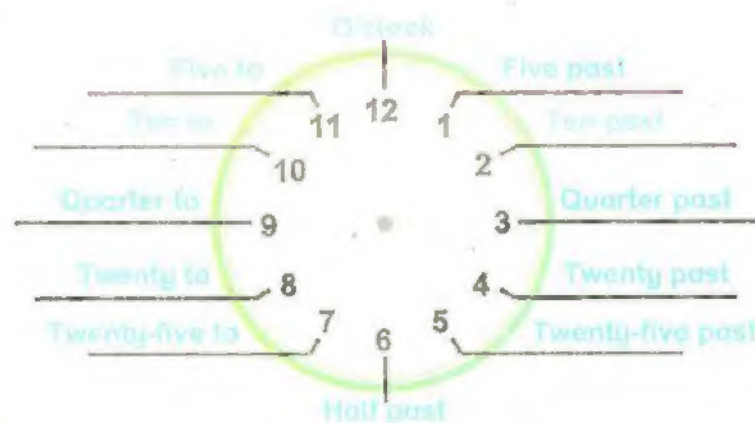
متى؟؟؟
What time does + فاعل + فعل

ex. What time does science start on Sunday?

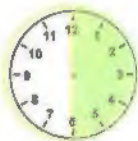
متى تكون.....؟؟؟
What time is + فاعل

ex. What time is the break?

- Response الرد



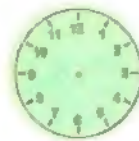
Quarter of an hour



Half an hour



Three-quarters of an hour



One hour

تستخدم (past) للتعبير عن الوقت بمعنى (و) وتستخدم (to) للتعبير عن الوقت بمعنى (إلا) كما يلي:

It is الدقائق to الساعة
أجزاء الساعة past



09:15

= It is quarter past nine.

• It is nine fifteen.

كما يمكن قراءة رقم الساعة ثم عدد الدقائق:

Final Revision

4 Ask and answer questions about a school day

• للسؤال والإجابة عن يوم مدرسي نقول:

- What subject have we got next?
- It's Computer Studies next.
- What is your favourite subject?
- I like Science.
- Are you good at Languages?
- I'm quite good at English, and I'm not bad at French.
- Who is our English teacher this year?
- It's Mrs Amal.
- When have we got Science?
- It is after break.
- What time is the break?
- It is from quarter past ten to half past ten.

Unit 3

1 Describing people

وصف الناس

• للسؤال عن مظهر شخص نستخدم الأسئلة الآتية:

- What + be + فاعل + (usually) like? كيف يبدو... (عادة)؟
 - What + do / does + فاعل + look like? نستخدم هذه الصيغة للسؤال عن الرأي في شخص أو شيء: كيف يبدو...؟
 - Is / Are + فاعل + the same or different from / to...? نستخدم هذه الصيغة للسؤال عن الصفات الشكلية للشخص أو الشيء: هل ... نفس أم مختلف عن...؟
 - Have / Has + فاعل + got? هل لديه...؟
- والإجابة نستخدم الصيغ الآتية:

- فاعل + am, is, are....
- فاعل + have/has got....
- فاعل + am, is, are the same / different from / to
- Yes, فاعل + have / has got....
- No, فاعل + haven't / hasn't got....

ex. A: What is Manal like?

B: She is kind and funny.

ex. A: What does she look like?

B: She's tall. She has got long, blonde hair.

ex. A: Are you the same or different to your brother?

B: I'm different to my brother. He's got short hair.

ex. A: Has your brother got glasses?

B: No, he hasn't got glasses.

2 ➤ Expressing likes and dislikes

التعبير عن ما نحب وعن ما لا نحب

• نسأل عن ما يحب شخص ما وما لا يحب بالأسئلة الآتية:

- What do/ does + فاعل + like / love (doing)? ماذا تحب / يحبون... (فعله)؟
- What (food) do / does + فاعل + like / love? ما (الطعام) الذي تحبه / يحبونه؟
- Which (book) do / does + فاعل + like / love? أى (الكتب) تحب / يحبونه؟
- What's your / his favourite....? ما المفضل لديك / لديه؟
- Do you / Does he like / love...? هل تحب / يحب....؟

وللإجابة عن هذه الأسئلة نستخدم الصيغ الآتية:

- I / We / They like / love (doing)..... - My / His favourite.... is / are.....
- He / She likes / loves (doing)..... - I'm / He's good / bad at (n / v-ing)

ولإبداء سبب حبنا لشيء ما نستخدم **because** :

- I like / love..... because
- He likes / loves..... because

لاحظ الآتى:

١- للتعبير عما لا نحب نستخدم صيغة النفي كالآتى:

- (No,) I **don't** like
- (No,) he **doesn't** like

٢- نستخدم الضمائر والأسماء كالآتى:

- I / You / They / We (names) like / love
- He / She / It (name) likes / loves
- Yes, I do. / No, I don't. (✓)
- ~~Yes, I like. (*)~~

٣- للإجابة المختصرة نستخدم

ex. A: What does Mohamed Salah like (doing)?

B: He likes football / playing football.

ex. A: What food do you like / love?

B: I like / love rice.

ex. A: Which sport do you like?

B: I like tennis.

ex. A: What's your favourite subject?

B: I like / love maths. / I'm good at maths.

ex. A: Do you like stories?

B: Yes, I do. / No, I don't.

Unit 4

1 Ask and answer questions about your classroom

السؤال والإجابة عن فصلك الدراسي

للسؤال والإجابة عما يحتويه الفصل الدراسي نقول:

A: What's in your classroom?

B: There are some laptops.

There is a whiteboard.

There aren't any tablets.

A: Is there a printer?

B: Yes, there is one.

A: Are there any mobile phones?

B: No, there aren't.

2 Giving instructions

- يستخدم الفعل في صيغة الأمر (مصدر الفعل في أول الكلام) للتعبير عن التعليمات ولا يسبقه ضمير فاعل:

ex. Go to the shop. Buy an ice cream. Eat it.

- وتستخدم (Don't / Never) يليها مصدر الفعل لتعبير عن الأمر المنفي:

ex. Don't / Never tell people your password.

- ونستخدم هذا الأسلوب في عمل الملصقات الخاصة بالتعليمات.

1- How to make a cup of tea

- لعمل كوب من الشاي نتبع الصيغ السابقة والخطوات الآتية:

- First, put some water in a kettle.
- Boil the water.
- Then, drink the tea.

- Tap the tea bag.

2- How to send a text message

- لكتابة رسالة نصية نتبع الصيغ السابقة والخطوات الآتية:

- First, tap the messages icon.
- Tap the name of the person.
- Write your message.
- Then, tap the SEND icon.

3- How to make a video call

- لإجراء مكالمة فيديو نتبع الصيغ السابقة والخطوات الآتية:

- Turn your tablet on.
- Tap the name of the person.
- Say Hello!

3 Stay safe when you use technology

- لتكون آمنًا حين استخدامك لوسائل التكنولوجيا، اتبع التعليمات الآتية:



- Keep your password secret.
- Ask for help from a parent or a teacher.
- Tell a parent or a teacher if you are worried about something.



- Don't make friends with people you don't know online.
- Don't tell people your personal information. (e.g telephone number)
- Don't send photos to people you don't know.
- Don't answer a phone call from anyone you don't know.

Unit 5

1 Talk about your holiday تكلم عن إجازتك

- I'd like to + inf. - أريد أن.....
- You can + inf. - تستطيع أن.....

ex. I'd like to go to the beach. You can swim in the sea, or make a sandcastle!

ex. I'd like to go to the desert. You can sleep in a tent or go in the cave!

• لاحظ: نستخدم زمن الماضي البسيط في السؤال والإجابة عن إجازة قضيناها.

ex. Did you swim in the sea?

• Yes, I did. I saw a dolphin, too and I swam with it.

ex. What food did you eat?

• I ate a lot of fish.

2 Responding to news الاستجابة للأخبار

• نرد على الأخبار باختلاف نوعها (سارة / غير سارة) بالتعبيرات الآتية:

Good news 😊	Bad news 😞
How exciting! يا له من شيء مثير!	Oh dear! يا إلهي!
Really? حقًا؟	What a pity! يا للأسف! / يا للحسرة!
Wow! واو «رائع»!	Oh no! أوه لا!
That's interesting! ذلك أمر شيق!	

1 ➤ Asking and answering about food

السؤال والإجابة عن الطعام

- | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| - What food do / don't you like? | ما الطعام الذي تحبه / لا تحبه؟ |
| - I like / don't like..... | أحب / لا أحب..... |
| - Is there any (rice)? | هل يوجد أى (أرز)؟ |
| - Are there any (vegetables)? | هل يوجد أى (خضروات)؟ |
| - Yes, there is / are. | نعم، يوجد. |
| - No, there isn't / aren't. | لا، لا يوجد. |

2 ➤ Asking and giving advice about food

- نطلب النصيحة ونعطيها عن تناول الأطعمة باستخدام **should / shouldn't** كما يلي:

فاعل + **should / shouldn't + inf.**

A : What should / shouldn't I eat?

B : You should eat fruit every day.

- You shouldn't eat too much cake / too many crisps.

3 ➤ Ordering food in a café (كافيتريا) طلب الطعام فى مطعم صغير

- | | |
|--|--|
| Waiter : What would you like? | ماذا تريد (أن تأكل)؟ |
| Customer : I'd like (اسم طعام / شراب). | أريد..... |
| Have you got any.....? | هل لديكم أى.....؟ |
| Waiter : We've got..... | لدينا..... |
| Here you are. Anything else? / Is that everything? | تفضل. هل تريد شئ آخر؟ / هل ذلك كل ما تريد؟ |
| Customer : How much does it cost? | كم يتكلف ذلك؟ |
| Waiter : That's..... pounds. | يتكلف ذلك..... جنيهًا. |

Key Vocabulary

male	مذكر / ذكر	female	مؤنث	the Olympics	الأولمبياد
mountain	جبل	airport	مطار	achieve (d)	يحقق / يتجز
hobby	هواية	athlete	لاعب رياضي	balance (d)	يوازن
interview	مقابلة شخصية	popular	شعبي / محبوب		

Family

son	ابن	daughter	ابنة	great-grandchildren	أبناء الأحفاد
great-grandfather	الجد الأكبر	family members	أفراد العائلة		

Words & Meanings

aunt	عمة - خالة	your mother or father's sister
parent	أحد الوالدين	your mum or dad
grandmother	جدة	your mother or father's mother
grandfather	جد	your mother or father's father
brother	أخ	your parent's son
sister	أخت	your parent's daughter
uncle	عم - خال	your mum or dad's brother
cousin	ابن أو ابنة العم/العمة/الخال/الخالة	your aunt or uncle's child
chess	لعبة الشطرنج	a game for two people
twins	توأم	brothers or sisters who are the same age
voluntary work	عمل تطوعي	work you do for no money
band	فرقة موسيقية	a group of people singing and/or playing musical instruments together
drum	طبل	a musical instrument you hit with your hands or a stick
goats	ماعز	- animals that are like sheep - a mountain animal you can eat or get milk from
orphan	يتيم	a child with no mother or father
attic	غرفة بأعلى المنزل	a room at the top of a house
city	مدينة	a place with lots of houses and shops
adventure	مغامرة	an exciting activity
train (ed)	يتدرب	practise a sport
busy	مشغول	spending a lot of time doing things
gymnast	لاعبه جمباز	a person who does gymnastics
gymnastics	لعبة الجمباز	a sport which has a lot of different skills, such as jumping

Final Revision

Verbs & Nouns that come together

swimming	يذهب السباحة	watch football	يشاهد مباراة كرة قدم
play chess	يلعب الشطرنج	listen to the teacher	يستمع إلى المعلم
play basketball	يلعب كرة السلة	play football	يلعب كرة القدم
listen to music	يستمع للموسيقى	play the drums	يلعب على الطبول

Expressions

come	يأتي / يات
voluntary work	يعمل تطوعي
play a sport	يلعب الرياضة
read (someone) a story	يقرأ قصة لـ...
take a plane	يلحق بطاقة
would like + to + inf	يريد أن ...
work hard	يعمل بجد
talk on the phone	يتحدث في الهاتف
make a video call	يقوم بعمل مكالمة فيديو
live adventures	يمر بمغامرات
play hobbies	يلعب هوايات
make (a) noise	يحدث ضوضاء
feel + صفة	يشعر بـ

Prepositions

tell... to	يخبر .. عن
listen to	في التلفاز / الراديو
communicate with	بتواصل مع
the same.. as ..	نفس .. مثل ..
by bus	بالأتوبيس
proud of	فخور بـ ..
at the top of ..	عند قمة ..
for breakfast	على الإفطار
far away	بعيد
play ... with	يلعب ... مع
arrive at	يصل لمكان صغير
live with /	يعيش مع / في
next to	بجوار

Words & Opposites

difficult	صعب	easy	سهل	different	مختلف	the same	نفس الشيء
healthy	صحي	unhealthy	غير صحي	busy	مشغول	free	غير مشغول
top	قمة	bottom	أسفل	strong	قوي	weak	ضعيف
true	حقيقي	false	خاطئ	lose	يفقد	win	يخسر
important	مهم	unimportant	غير مهم	male	ذكر	female	أنثى

Comparisons

Present

meet	يقابل	met
hear	يسمع	heard

Present

find	يجد	found
swim	يسبح	swam

win	يفوز	won	يشعر	felt
take	يأخذ/ يستغرق	took	يلقي - يرمى	threw
fly	يطير/ يسافر جواً	flew	يشرب	drank

Exercises

Vocabulary



Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. No women are wanted for this job, only

- ☐ a females ☐ b miles ☐ c males ☐ d emails

2. Muhammad's is called Hoda.

- ☐ a aunt ☐ b grandfather ☐ c uncle ☐ d father

3. I always swimming at the weekends.

- ☐ a play ☐ b listen ☐ c do ☐ d go

4. My is my mum and dad's daughter.

- ☐ a sister ☐ b grandmother ☐ c aunt ☐ d uncle

5. Karam and Kareem are They are brothers and they are both aged 11.

- ☐ a sisters ☐ b cousins ☐ c twins ☐ d parents

6. We like to do work in hospitals.

- ☐ a helpless ☐ b lazy ☐ c careless ☐ d voluntary

7. Heidi went to live her grandfather.

- ☐ a to ☐ b with ☐ c for ☐ d on

8. We should eat food to keep fit.

- ☐ a funny ☐ b busy ☐ c dirty ☐ d healthy

9. The opposite of "difficult" is

- ☐ a busy ☐ b easy ☐ c fizzy ☐ d lazy

10. My is playing the drums.

- ☐ a hobby ☐ b hope ☐ c happy ☐ d hole

11. We have one called Fatma. Her father is my uncle.

- ☐ a aunt ☐ b mother ☐ c cousin ☐ d sister

Final Revision

12. I _____ video calls with my friends.

 go

 make

 do

 bake

13. My _____ is called Mo'men. He is 2 years old.

 son

 daughter

 aunt

 sister

14. The 6th of October is a big _____ in Egypt.

 village

 country

 sea

 city

15. Amr plays the drums in a _____.

 band

 hospital

 plane

 bank

16. I play _____ with my brother.

 cheese

 chef

 chess

 chair

17. Khadeeja is my parent. She is my _____.

 son

 father

 brother

 mother

18. You can get meat and milk from a _____.

 cat

 dog

 goat

 lion

19. A/An _____ is a child whose father and mother died.

 orphan

 fan

 photo

 phone

20. A/An _____ is a room at the top of a house.

 kitchen

 attic

 bathroom

 roof

21. Ali was a great _____. He won a lot of sports medals.

 dentist

 viewer

 doctor

 gymnast

22. I watched an interesting _____ with a famous singer yesterday.

 attic

 interview

 review

 room

23. Hassan is _____ hard. He wants to get a gold medal.

 training

 walking

 sleeping

 watching

24. The three men had a great _____ when they got lost in the forest.

 lesson

 voyage

 adventure

 mountain

25. A _____ is a musical instrument you hit with your hands or a stick.

 drum

 piano

 violin

 flute



Grammar



Possessive adjectives and pronouns

صفات وضمائر الملكية

Subject pronouns ضمائر الفاعل تأتي قبل الفعل	Object pronouns ضمائر المفعول تأتي بعد الفعل	Possessive adjectives صفات الملكية يأتي بعدها الاسم المملوك	Possessive pronouns ضمائر الملكية لا يأتي بعدها اسم
I	me	my ...	mine ملكي
He	him	his ...	his ملكه
She	her	her ...	hers ملكها
It	it	its ...	- -
We	us	our ...	ours ملكنا
You	you	your ...	yours ملكك / ملككم
They	them	their ...	theirs ملكهم

ex. — plays football well.

ex. I saw — yesterday.

ex. Ali found — key here.

ex. — mother is proud of —.

ex. That car is mine.

— نستخدم كلمة الاستفهام **Whose** لنسأل بها عن ملكية شيء لشخص ما.

ex. **Whose bag** is this?

وللإجابة عن هذا السؤال نقول:

- I — this bag. (أمتلك I have)
- This bag — me. (يخصني belongs to me)
- This is — bag. (حققتي my bag)
- It's —. (ملكي mine)



The present simple tense

زمن المضارع البسيط

Form التكوين

I / We / They / You / —

مصدر الفعل. Inf.

He / She / It / —

مصدر الفعل. Inf. + s / es / ies

ex. We **play** tennis on Fridays.

ex. Habiba **comes** late.

Final Revision

- هناك أفعال لها شكل خاص في المضارع البسيط وتحفظ كما هي:

(I) am
(He / She / It) is
(We / You / They) are

(I / You / We / They) have
(He / She / It) has

Usage / الاستخدام

يستخدم زمن المضارع البسيط للتعبير عن:

ex. Soha is twelve. She lives in Tanta.

١- حقائق (facts)

ex. She watches TV at night.

٢- عادات (habits)

ex. They usually go to school at 7.

٣- الأعمال المعتادة (الروتينية) (daily routines)

الكلمات الدالة
every (day - week - month - year) / always / usually / often / sometimes / occasionally / never

ex. Hala goes to school at six o'clock.

Negative / النفي

ننفي الفعل في زمن المضارع البسيط كما يلي:

I / We / They / You / (اسم جمع)

don't + Inf. مصدر الفعل

He / She / It / (اسم مفرد)

doesn't + inf. مصدر الفعل

ex. I don't like bad people.

ex. She doesn't watch football matches.

لاحظ الآتي:

يمكن أن ننفي الفعل في زمن المضارع البسيط بوضع كلمة (never) قبل الفعل دون تغيير فيه.

ex. He never goes to school late.

Question / السؤال

للسؤال بـ "هل...؟" في زمن المضارع البسيط نستخدم Do / Does كما يلي:

Do + I / you / we / they / (اسم جمع)

+ Inf. ?

Does + he / she / it / (اسم مفرد)

+inf.?

ex. Do you always study at night?

Yes, I do. الإجابة في الإثبات / No, I don't. الإجابة في النفي

ex. Does he sometimes listen to the radio?

Yes, he does. / No, he doesn't.

للسؤال بكلمة استفهام نستخدم الصيغة السابقة مع وضع كلمة الاستفهام في أول السؤال.

ex. What sport do you play?

- I play tennis.

ex. How many lessons does he have?

- He has eight lessons.

Exercises

Grammar



1 Choose the correct answer from the box.

1. I don't football but I like music.

likes

b like

c liking

d liked

2- This book belongs to me. It's

a mine

b I

c hers

d his

3- A: tablet is this? B: It's mine.

a Who

b Whom

c Whose

d Who's

4- My brother often TV at night. It's his habit.

a watching

b watched

c watch

d watches

5- My car is red, is blue.

a Me

b Yours

c Your

d You

6- When Marwa and Farha leave?

a do

b are

c does

d has

7- These are our bags. Those bags are

a we

b ours

c our

d them

8- We never people.

a hurts

b doesn't hurt

c hurt

d hurting

9- How often she read a newspaper?

a is

b have

c do

d does

10- This is bag. It's hers.

a her

b my

c his

d their

2 Read and correct the underlined parts.

1. I usually gets home at 3 o'clock.

(.....)

2- Ali drink tea every day.

(.....)

3- He usually get to school, he usually finish his homework.

(.....)

4- This is her computer. It's mine.

(.....)

5- Adel can't find him book.

(.....)

TEST 1 UNIT 1

A Listening //

1 ➤ Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

نص الاستماع الخاص بهذا السؤال في آخر الكتاب

1. Mariam is years old.

☐ a three

☐ b seven

☐ c two

☐ d ten

2. Both her parents are

☐ a doctors

☐ b engineers

☐ c teachers

☐ d brothers

3. Mariam has two, Mustafa and Maher.

☐ a sons

☐ b parents

☐ c sisters

☐ d brothers

4. Mariam wants to be a/an

☐ a vet

☐ b doctor

☐ c officer

☐ d teacher

B Language Functions //

2 ➤ Complete the following dialogue:

Sama : What's your mother's job?

Nada : She is a ①

Sama : Where ② she work?

Nada : She ③ in a hospital.

Sama : Does she help sick people?

Nada : Yes, of course.

Sama : How ④ is she?

Nada : She's 40 ⑤ old.

Sama : What do you want to be?

Nada : I want to be a doctor like my mother.

C Reading Comprehension \

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

My name's Omar. My uncle and aunt live in Alexandria. They live next to the beach. They have a beautiful house. I go to Alexandria with my family. We go and visit them, but it's a long way. It takes three hours to get there. So, we go there by bus. We always visit them in summer. I'd like to play with my cousins on the beach. We go swimming in the sea. We usually have fish for lunch there. I'd like to see them because I love them. We always enjoy our visit because we do a lot of things.

A. Answer the following questions:

1. How long does it take to go to Alexandria?

.....

2. Why does Omar like to see his cousins?

.....

3. What do they do on the beach?

.....

B. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4. Omar and his family go to Alexandria in

☐ a spring

☐ b winter

☐ c summer

☐ d fall

5. Omar's uncle and aunt have a beautiful in Alexandria.

☐ a bus

☐ b house

☐ c beach

☐ d ball

6. The underlined word "there" refers to

☐ a Alexandria

☐ b fish

☐ c house

☐ d bus

D Vocabulary & Structure \

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. He is a/an His father and mother died a year ago.

☐ a orphan

☐ b elephant

☐ c phone

☐ d dolphin

2- Mr Muhammad usually us English.

☐ a is teaching

☐ b teaching

☐ c teaches

☐ d teach

3. I video calls with my friend. He lives in London.

☐ a do

☐ b phone

☐ c have

☐ d make

Final Revision

4- A: Which house is yours?

B: is next door.

Yours

My

Ours

Theirs

5. There was a/an with a famous actor on TV last week.

match

screen

cinema

interview

6. I like playing with my friend at the weekend.

chess

chance

chase

cheese

7. Habiba says that favourite sport is volleyball.

herself

her

hers

she

8. My father's brother is my

uncle

cousin

aunt

son

9. My father can't meet you today. He is too

free

happy

careful

busy

10. is a sport which has a lot of different skills, such as jumping.

Gymnastics

Squash

Swimming

Chess

5 ➤ Read and correct the underlined word.

1. I always **goes** to school by bus.

(-)

2. **Me** car is blue.

(-)

3. **Do** Waleed work hard?

(-)

4. Ali told me that **her** father is a doctor.

(-)

E Writing

6 ➤ Write a paragraph of EIGHTY (80) words on

"Your family"

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Unit

2

It's my favourite subject

“

Vocabulary

transport	النقل والمواصلات	grade	صف دراسي	cycle	يركب دراجة
subject	مادة دراسية	favourite	مفضل		
bike	دراجة (هوائية)	quite	إلى حد ما / إلى حد كبير		

Adverbs of frequency

always	دائماً	often	غالباً	never	أبداً
usually	عادةً	sometimes	أحياناً		

School subjects

Maths	مادة الرياضيات	Art	مادة التربية الفنية (الرسم)	Music	التربية الموسيقية
Social Studies	مادة الدراسات الاجتماعية	Computer studies	مادة الحاسب الآلي	Religion	التربية الدينية
Science	مادة العلوم	English	اللغة الإنجليزية	Arabic	اللغة العربية



Words & Meanings

library	مكتبة (لاستعارة الكتب)	You can find a lot of books here.
playground	ملعب / فناء	It is in a school. You play games here.
bell	جرس	an object that makes a noise when you ring it
hall	ردهة (قاعة كبيرة)	- It is a very big room for a lot of students and teachers. - It is a large room where people can meet together.
Drama	مادة الأدب المسرحي	the subject of how to learn about acting.
Home Economics	مادة الاقتصاد المنزلي	the subject for learning about cooking and skills for the home
typical	نموذجي (معتاد)	usual
canoe	قارب صغير خفيف	a small, narrow boat for one or two people
snowmobile	زحافة جليد	a vehicle that you can drive on snow

Final Revision

Expressions

have lunch	يتناول طعام الغداء
get home	يصل للمنزل
do the homework	يقوم بعمل الواجب المنزلي
It is time for	حان وقت
follow the rules	يتبع القواعد
wear school uniform	يرتدى زي مدرسي
say unkind things	يقول أشياء غير مهذبة
take a journey	يقوم برحلة طويلة
Let's + inf	هيا بنا
have a shower	يأخذ دش
go shopping	يذهب للتسوق
have four lessons	لدية أربعة دروس

Prepositions

good / bad at	جيد / سيء في
get up	يستيقظ - يصحو
at about ten	في حوالي الساعة العاشرة
at break	في فترة الاستراحة
go in a canoe	يذهب في قارب
on a snowmobile	على زحافة جليد
on a Tuesday	في يوم من أيام الثلاثاء
on time	في الوقت المحدد
in bed	في الفراش
cycle to school	يركب دراجة إلى المدرسة
wake up	يستيقظ
at the weekend	في عطلة نهاية الأسبوع
work with computers	يتعامل مع الكمبيوتر

Words &

outside بالخارج	inside بالداخل	forget ينسى	remember يتذكر	dangerous خطير	safe آمن
a.m صباحاً	p.m بعد الظهر / مساءً	fast سريع	slow بطيء	expensive غالي الثمن	cheap رخيص

Irregular Verbs

drive يقود سيارة / يوصل بالسيارة	drove	get up	يستيقظ	got up
ring	rang	wear	يرتدى	wore
forget	forgot	wake up	يستيقظ	woke up
speak	spoke	choose	يختار	chose
read	read			

Exercise



Vocabulary

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. My brother is in two this year.
☐ a greet ☐ b grade ☐ c degree ☐ d foot
2. We learn about different countries in lessons.
☐ a Social Studies ☐ b Religion
☐ c Computer Studies ☐ d Maths
3. A is a large room where people can meet together.
☐ a whole ☐ b hole ☐ c wall ☐ d hall
4. My son really likes drawing, so his favourite subject is
☐ a Science ☐ b Art ☐ c Music ☐ d Religion
5. We often borrow books from the
☐ a playground ☐ b hall ☐ c laboratory ☐ d library
6. Cars, snowmobiles and bikes are forms of
☐ a bicycles ☐ b vans ☐ c transport ☐ d trucks
7. A: When do you usually lunch?
 B: At 3 o'clock.
☐ a have ☐ b do ☐ c build ☐ d break
8. You should always arrive at school time.
☐ a of ☐ b at ☐ c out ☐ d on
9. I play with my friends in the at break.
☐ a cinema ☐ b playground ☐ c library ☐ d laboratory
10. The rules of this game is simple.
☐ a quiet ☐ b quick ☐ c quit ☐ d quite
11. Students here can drive on the snow well.
☐ a ships ☐ b canoes ☐ c snowmobiles ☐ d kites
12. My sport is tennis.
☐ a favourite ☐ b quite ☐ c kind ☐ d proud

Final Revision

13. On a weekend, I meet my friend in the club.

☐ careful

☒ typical

☐ helpful

☐ famous

14. A is a small, narrow boat for one or two people.

☐ ship

☒ bus

☐ snowmobile

☐ canoe

15. I go to school.

☐ run

☒ cycle

☐ drive

☐ swim

16. A: How do you go to school?

B: I go there a canoe.

☐ in

☒ of

☐ at

☐ out

17. is the main language of the Arab people.

☐ English

☒ Arabic

☐ French

☐ Spanish

18. Those students go to school a snowmobile.

☐ in

☒ of

☐ at

☐ on

19. We learn about numbers at lessons.

☐ Science

☒ Maths

☐ Social Studies

☐ Home Economics

20. The opposite of safe is

☐ clean

☒ dangerous

☐ famous

☐ dirty

21. I rang the door but there was no answer.

☐ hall

☒ ball

☐ bill

☐ bell

22. A: What's your favourite?

B: It's Science.

☐ sport

☒ subject

☐ teacher

☐ desk

23. We learn about acting in lessons.

☐ Arabic

☒ Music

☐ Maths

☐ Drama

24. You should sleep early to up early, Hossam.

☐ walk

☒ wake

☐ wear

☐ wave

25. I have an excellent so I always cycle to school.

☐ snowmobile

☒ canoe

☐ car

☐ bike



Grammar



Adverbs of frequency

ظروف التكرار

• نستخدم ظروف التكرار للتعبير عن عدد مرات حدوث الفعل.

always دائماً (طوال الوقت) ex. We go to school by bus.

usually عادةً (في أوقات كثيرة) ex. Ahmed plays football.

often غالباً (في أغلب الأوقات) ex. Manal studies at night.

sometimes أحياناً (نصف عدد المرات) ex. My father drives me to school.

never أبداً (لا يحدث مطلقاً) ex. We study on Fridays.

لاحظ الآتي:

ex. We usually Maths on Monday.

• تأتي ظروف التكرار قبل الفعل الأساسي

ex. He is never late for school.

• وبعد فعل يكون

How often..?

كم عدد المرات؟

• نستخدم السؤال عن عدد مرات حدوث فعل ما في زمن المضارع البسيط كما يلي:

How often + do / does + فاعل + inf.....?

ex. How often do you go to school late?

• للإجابة نستخدم ظرف التكرار المناسب حسب درجة تكرار الفعل.

ex. I always go to school late. (100%)

ex. I never go to school late. (0%)



The possessive ('s / s')

الملكية

• نستخدم ('s / s') للتعبير عن الملكية في الحالات الآتية:

١- إذا كان المالك الذي يسبقها اسماً مفرداً «إنسان - حيوان»:

ex. It is Ali's bag.

ex. The giraffe's neck is long.

Final Revision

٢- إذا كان المالك اسم جمع غير منتظم «لا ينتهي بـ S»:

ex. The children books are here.

ex. The men clothes are clean.

• تذكر بعض الأسماء ذات الجمع غير المنتظم

child	children	woman	women
man	men	person	people

٣- مع بعض الأسماء «المفردة» التي تشير إلى الوقت / الكمية / القياس:

ex. Mr. Ali will come in an hour time.

ex. A week holiday is good for you.

• تستخدم (') فقط للتعبير عن الملكية في الحالات الآتية:

١- إذا كان المالك اسم جمع منتهى بـ (S):

ex. The boys school is clean.

ex. The girls books were lost.

٢- مع بعض الأسماء «الجمع» التي تشير إلى الوقت / الكمية / القياس:

ex. Mr Ali will come in two hours time.

ex. A three weeks holiday is good for you.

ملاحظات

١- تستخدم (S) أو (') إذا كان المالك اسم مفرد منتهى أساساً بـ ().

ex. Jones new bag is nice.

ex. Jones new bag is nice

٢- إذا كان من يملك الشيء أكثر من شخص نضيف (s) لأخر اسم:

ex. father is an engineer. (هذا يعني أنهم أخوة وأن أباهم مهندس)

٣- إذا كان المملوك ينتمي لعدة أشخاص نضع (s) لكل شخص:

ex. fathers are engineers. (هذا يعني أن آبائهم مهندسون).

٤- تستخدم كلمة الاستفهام () للسؤال عن الملكية ويتبعها غالباً الاسم الذي نسأل عنه:

ex. Whose classroom is that?

للإجابة نستخدم () كما سبق شرحه.

Grammar

1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. Nancy and I go out for coffee together. It is our habit.

☐ a never

☐ b doesn't

☐ c are

☐ d always

2. We football on Tuesdays.

☐ a play usually

☐ b usually play

☐ c usually plays

☐ d plays usually

3. My brother Ali lives next door so we see him.

☐ a never

☐ b not

☐ c often

☐ d don't

Unit 2 It's my favourite subject

4. It rains in the desert in the summer.

☐ never

☐ sometimes

☐ always

☐ often

5. My uncle is my brother.

☐ mother

☐ mothers

☐ mother's

☐ mothers'

6. Mona goes to a school in Giza.

☐ girl

☐ girls

☐ girl's

☐ girls'

7. They hard for their exams.

☐ studies always

☐ study always

☐ always study

☐ always studies

8. We wear warm clothes in winter.

☐ never

☐ not

☐ doesn't

☐ always

9. What is your name?

☐ father's

☐ fathers

☐ father

☐ fathers'

10. A: computer is that?

B: It's Ali's computer.

☐ How

☐ Who

☐ Why

☐ Whose

11. Dad reads newspapers. He likes that so much.

☐ never

☐ usually

☐ not

☐ doesn't

2 Read and correct the underlined words:

1. A: What is your aunts' job? B: She is a doctor.

(.....)

2. A: How long do you get up at 6.30 am? B: Always.

(.....)

3. The mens' bags are here.

(.....)

4. Dood is Atis' daughter.

(.....)

5. A: Who laptop is that? B: It's my laptop.

(.....)

TEST 2 UNIT 2

A Listening

1 Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

نص الاستماع الخاص بهذا السؤال في آخر الكتاب

1. Hanan is a/an

a teacher

b engineer

c nurse

d student

2. Hanan goes to school with her

a dad

b mum

c uncle

d aunt

3. Hanan gets up at

a seven

b half past seven

c half past six

d nine

4. Hanan lives in

a Cairo

b Tanta

c Giza

d Luxor

B Language Functions

2 Complete the following dialogue:

Hello, Sara. Who is our Science teacher this year?

Sara : Mr Omar is our Science teacher this year.

Mr Omar! I really like him.

Sara : Me,?

What is your favourite?

Sara : is my favourite subject.

What about Maths? you good at it?

Sara : Yes, I'm really good at it.

..... have you got P.E?

Sara : Tomorrow after break.

C Reading Comprehension

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

My name is Omar. I enjoy reading books. One day, I went to the school library to borrow a book about space travel. Mr Nader, our teacher of Science, asked us to read it. On my way, I found a small bag on the ground. I opened it to see if I could read the name of its owner. Inside the bag there was an expensive watch and a lot of money. I didn't find any name so I took the bag to the headmaster who was pleased because I was honest. Later on, Mr. Nader went to my class and thanked me because the bag I found was his.

A. Answer the following questions:

1. Why did Omar open the bag?

.....

2. Who was the owner of the bag?

.....

3. What was inside the bag?

.....

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4. The underlined word "it" refers to

☐ a the book

☐ b Science

☒ c the library

☐ d space travel

5. Omar gave the bag to

☐ a Mr. Nader

☐ b the headmaster

☐ c its owner

☒ d his neighbour

6. Mr Nader is a

☐ a librarian

☐ b scientist

☒ c headmaster

☐ d teacher

D Vocabulary & Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. I go out after work. I like doing that.

☐ a aren't

☐ b doesn't

☒ c not

☐ d always

2. A is a vehicle that you can drive on snow.

☐ a cart

☒ b snowmobile

☐ c canoe

☐ d rocket

3. Good students do their homework.

☒ a never

☐ b don't

☐ c not

☐ d usually

Final Revision

4. The shop over there is for clothes.

☐ a women's

☐ b womens'

☐ c women's

☐ d woman

5. I'm good drawing faces.

☐ a at

☐ b on

☐ c in

☐ d for

6. We paint and draw in lessons.

☐ a Science

☐ b Music

☐ c Maths

☐ d Art

7. is the subject for studying people and how they live.

☐ a Science

☐ b Social Studies

☐ c Art

☐ d Maths

8. The student arrived in Giza two o'clock.

☐ a at

☐ b on

☐ c of

☐ d from

9. A: When do you have lunch?

B: At half three.

☐ a too

☐ b past

☐ c of

☐ d in

10. Our school has a big

☐ a hall

☐ b hat

☐ c tail

☐ d bill

5 Read and correct the underlined words:

1. Salma smiles never.

(.....)

2. Mr Osama is never helpful so we like him.

(.....)

3. Soha always is late for school.

(.....)

4. That is Ahmeds' car. He drives very well.

(.....)

E Writing

6 Write a paragraph of EIGHTY (80) words on:

"Your day at school"

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Unit

3

Different people

Key Vocabulary

goal	هدف (في مباراة)	short hair	شعر قصير	boring	ممل
fans	مشجعون / معجبون	grey scarf (scarfs / scarves)	وشاح / طرحة (غطاء للرأس) رمادية اللون	wonderland	أرض العجائب
adventures	مغامرات	appearance	المظهر	personality	الشخصية
together	معًا / سوياً	(be) called	يُسمى / يدعى	kind	عطوف / حنون
Europe	قارة أوروبا	glasses	نظارة	smile (n)(v-d)	ابتسامة / يبتسم
sports star	نجم رياضي	fun	متعة - شخص أو شيء ممتع	shout (ed)	يصيح
long hair	شعر طويل	twice	مرتان		

Adjectives

funny	مضحك / فكاهي	interesting	شيق	strange	غريب
frightened	خائف / مرعوب	nice	لطيف	dangerous	خطير
cool	لطيف / بارد	exciting	مثير		

school subjects

History	مادة التاريخ	Painting	الرسم بالألوان
Maths	مادة الرياضيات	Science	مادة العلوم / علم
Drawing	الرسم بالقلم الرصاص / الجاف	Art	الرسم

Words Meanings

beard	لحية (شعر الذقن / الوجه)	hair that grows on a man's face or chin
blond hair	شعر أشقر (أصفر / فاتح)	yellow or light brown hair
straight hair	شعر ناعم	hair without any turns
curly hair	شعر مجعد (ملتف)	hair that has turns
dark hair	شعر داكن (أسود / بني)	hair that is brown or black
moustache	شارب (شنب)	hair that grows above a man's top lip
score (d)	يحز / يسجل (أهداف / نقاط)	win points in a game or match
sensible	عقل / بزين	makes good decisions
brave	شجاع	happy to do something dangerous
clever	ماهر	knows a lot
busy	مشغول	always doing something
angry	غاضب	unhappy about something

Final Revision

scary	مخيف / مرعب	makes you feel frightened
character	شخصية (في كتاب / فيلم)	a person in a book or film
late	متأخر	arriving after the correct time
wheelchair	كرسي متحرك	a chair with wheels, for people who cannot walk

Expressions

score goals	يسجل أهداف
play do sport	يلعب رياضة
video / computer games	يلعب ألعاب الفيديو / الكمبيوتر
maths	يذاكر مادة الرياضيات
art	يرسم
twice a week	مرتان في الأسبوع
take a holiday	يأخذ إجازة
home	يذهب للمنزل
look like	يشبه
He is a lot of fun.	إنه شخص ممتع جدًا.
take notes	يدون ملاحظات
a decision	يتخذ قرار
frightened	يشعر بالخوف
angry	يغضب

Prepositions

play... for	يلعب.. لصالح
for many days	لعدة أيام
pick up	يلتقط
(be) able to	قادر على
the plane goes 900 km/h.	تطير الطائرة بسرعة ٩٠٠ كم في الساعة
shout at	يصيح في
frightened of	خائف / مرعوب من
at the end of	في نهاية
different from	مختلف عن
far from	بعيد عن
travel around	يتجول
on a boat	في/ على قارب
in a wheelchair	على كرسي متحرك
happy / unhappy about	سعيد / غير سعيد بشأن

Words &

interesting	شيق	boring	ممل	tall	طويل	short	قصير	straight	ناعم	curly	مجعد (ملتف)
sensible	عقل / رزين	senseless	تافه	fast	سريع	slow	بطيء	good at	جيد في	bad at	سيئ في
late	متأخر	early	مبكر	kind	عطوف	unkind	قاسي	friendly	ودود	unfriendly	غير ودود
strong	قوى	weak	ضعيف	poor	فقير	rich	غني	popular	محبوب	unpopular	غير محبوب
angry	غاضب	calm	هادئ	cold	بارد	hot	ساخن				
brave	شجاع	cowardly	جبان	busy	مشغول	free	حر / غير مشغول				

Conjugations

Regular Verbs

Present

Past Simple

give	يعطي	gave
learn	يتعلم	learnt
swim	يسبح	swam
build	يبني	built
know	يعرف	knew

Present

Past Simple

begin	يبدأ	began
understand	يفهم	understood
fall	يسقط	fell
run	يجري	ran

Exercises



Vocabulary

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- My father has got a moustache and a _____.
 a beach b bread c beard d baker
- It's a photo of my favourite sports _____.
 a moon b star c planet d sun
- I do exercises in the club _____ a week.
 a twice b two c twelve d twenty
- Miss Mona has got long _____ hair.
 a careful b cure c curly d corner
- The opposite of kind is _____.
 a kindly b unkind c kindness d unkindly
- A _____ is hair that grows above a man's top lip.
 a beard b mouse c blonde d moustache
- The team _____ only one goal in the last match.
 a scored b scared c sent d signed
- It's an exciting film. It's full of _____.
 a blogs b fans c adventures d projects
- After the accident, he moved in a _____.
 a wheelchair b chess c chin d chance
- Emad is a _____ boy. He doesn't behave badly.
 a bad b sensible c strong d dangerous

Final Revision

11. The story has got only one bad All the others are good.

- ☐ character ☐ post ☐ beard ☒ film

12. All the family members like Hossam; he is a lot of

- ☐ fan ☐ fin ☐ funny ☒ fun

13. Why are you frightened cats, Oia? They're very nice.

- ☐ about ☐ off ☐ of ☒ at

14. Maher always sports; he's fit.

- ☐ makes ☐ does ☐ takes ☒ has

15. Mohamed Salah is a famous footballer. He plays Liverpool.

- ☐ to ☐ around ☐ for ☒ about

16. My pen friend John has got hair.

- ☐ blond ☐ fun ☐ kind ☒ dangerous

17. Basketball players are often people.

- ☐ long ☐ late ☐ tall ☒ boring

18. Doctors help sick people better.

- ☐ becoming ☐ became ☐ to becoming ☒ become

19. I told the policeman about the of the thief.

- ☐ appearance ☐ goal ☐ difference ☒ present

20. My sister's new baby is Joudy.

- ☐ calling ☐ call ☐ called ☒ calls

21. I'm afraid of that dog; it's

- ☐ scare ☐ scary ☐ score ☒ star

22. I ran fast I couldn't catch the train.

- ☐ but ☐ and ☐ because ☒ so

23. Businessmen are always

- ☐ busy ☐ crowded ☐ weak ☒ slow

24. What does your Maths teacher look ?

- ☐ as ☐ likely ☐ like ☒ liking

25. My father is very; he solves Maths sums easily.

- ☐ angry ☐ clever ☐ early ☒ cheap



Grammar

have / has got

I / You / We / They

He / She / It

أنا / أنت / نحن / هم

has got

نستخدم (have / has got) عندما:

١- نصف السمات الشخصية لشخص / شيء / حيوان بمعنى لديه / يمتلك.

ex. I / You / We / They **have got** ('ve got) dark hair.

ex. He / She **has got** ('s got) curly hair.

٢- نعبر عن الملكية بمعنى (لديه - يملك).

ex. I **have got** ('ve got) a moustache.

ex. She **has got** ('s got) long blonde hair.

للنفي نستخدم الصيغة الآتية:

have not (haven't) got

ex. I / You / We / They **have not (haven't) got** long hair.

has not (hasn't) got

ex. He / She / It **has not (hasn't) got** straight hair.

للاستفهام نستخدم الصيغة الآتية:

Have / Has + subject + got?

للإجابة المختصرة نقول:

Yes, فاعل + have / has.

No, فاعل + haven't / hasn't.

ex. **Have you got** a house?

- Yes, I **have**.

- No, I **haven't**.

لاحظ الآتي:

نسال عن شكل شخص ما بالصيغة الآتية:

What do you / they look like?

What does he / she look like?

ex. **What do you / they look like?**

- They **have got** short hair. They **haven't got** glasses.

Final Revision



can / cannot (can't)

فاعل + **can** + Inf. مصدر الفعل

(إثبات)

فاعل + **cannot (can't)** + Inf.

(نفي)

Can + فاعل + inf.?

(استفهام)

للتعبير عن القدرة / عدم القدرة على فعل شيء.

نستخدم

ex. We exercises to be fit.

ex. I () the housework. I'm tired.



verbs + v -ing / prepositions + v -ing

هناك أفعال إذا أتى بعدها فعل آخر نضيف له

مثل

ex. Samy English.

أفعال

إذا أتى بعدها فعل نضيف له أيضًا

إذا كنا نتحدث بصفة عامة.

ex. I

ex. I to the cinema.

إذا كنا نتحدث عن موقف معين.

ويأتي بعدها (مصدر الفعل)

ex. I like / love a picnic next weekend.

يأتي بعده مصدر الفعل.

عند حرف جر

إذا أتى فعل بعد حروف الجر نضيف له

ex. He is good

ex. She is bad

ex. She wants a new dress.

نسأل عن حب / استمتاع شخص بفعل شيء بالصيغة الآتية:

Do you / they like / love / enjoy + v-ing...?

Does he / she like / love / enjoy + v-ing...?

للإجابة نقول:

- Yes, I / we / they

- No, I / they / we

- Yes, he / she

- No, he / she

ex. Do you / we / they ?

- Yes, I / we / they

- No, I / we / they

ex. Does he / she tennis?

- Yes, he / she

- No, he / she

Exercises

Grammar

1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. My grandfather short white hair.

have got are getting are got has got

2. Salwa got blonde hair.

hasn't not have haven't not has

3. you and your brother got a lot of toys?

Has Hasn't Have Are

4. A: Has your neighbour got a car?

B: No, he

haven't has isn't hasn't

5. What your classmate Omar look like?

does is has were

6. We push this car, it's very big.

can have can't will

7. Menser likes computer games. It's his favourite hobby.

play playing to playing plays

8. A: Do you enjoy reading adventure stories?

B: Yes, I

did don't don't read do

9. Can you blog posts?

write to write writing wrote

10. Jehad is good at photos.

takes took to take taking

2 Read and correct the underlined words:

1. My uncle's twins has got dark straight hair.

(.....)

2. Has your grandfather get a farm?

(.....)

3. What are your two sisters look like?

(.....)

4. I can't answer these questions; they're very easy.

(.....)

5. A: Do you play table tennis?

(.....)

B: Yes, I can.

TEST 3 UNIT 3

A Listening

1 Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

نص الاستماع الخاص بهذا السؤال في آخر الكتاب

1. Ziad is the speaker's

☐ a father

☐ b brother

☐ c mother

☐ d teacher

2. Ziad has got dark hair.

☐ a curly

☐ b long

☐ c straight

☐ d short

3. The speaker sits next to Ziad in the

☐ a library

☐ b classroom

☐ c garage

☐ d gym

4. Ziad likes watching films.

☐ a action

☐ b comedy

☐ c horror

☐ d historical

B Language Functions

2 Complete the following dialogue:

Ihab : Do you like sports, Amir?

Amir : Yes, I ①

Ihab : Who is your ② sports star?

Amir : Messi. He's a great ③

Ihab : Does he a lot of goals?

Amir : Yes, he's got in the world.

Ihab : Has he got a lot of ⑤ ?

Amir : Yes, millions of people like him.

Ihab : What team does he play for?

Amir : Barcelona.

C Reading Comprehension

3 Read the following then answer the questions:

My name is Manar Shaker. I'm Egyptian. I have got two sisters and one brother. I'm the eldest. I live with my parents in Alexandria, a beautiful city near the coast. My father is a teacher of English and my mother is a nurse. Our family is quite big. I have got three grandparents. On my father's side, I have got only one grandmother. She lives in our house. She is very old. She is eighty-five years old. Her birthday is on 11th July. She has got short straight white hair. I have got four uncles, seven aunts and twenty-five cousins.

Answer the following questions:

1. Where is Manar from?

.....

2. How old is her grandmother?

.....

3. How many cousins has Manar got?

.....

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4. The underlined pronoun "She" refers to Manar's

- ☐ a mother ☐ b aunt ☐ c sister ☐ d grandmother

5. Manar has got grandmother(s).

- ☐ a one ☐ b no ☐ c two ☐ d four

6. Manar's father works in a

- ☐ a hospital ☐ b school ☐ c bank ☐ d company

D Vocabulary & Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The opposite of is curly.

- ☐ a short ☐ b slow ☐ c straight ☐ d strong

2. The were very excited when their team scored a goal.

- ☐ a fans ☐ b features ☐ c games ☐ d glasses

Final Revision

3. Has your father _____ a beard?
☐ done ☒ got ☐ made ☐ looked
4. I like _____ Maths; it's my favourite subject.
☐ does ☒ doing ☐ do ☐ done
5. I _____ climb that mountain. I'm very weak.
☒ can't ☐ doesn't ☐ isn't ☐ can
6. Our teacher gets _____ when we don't do the homework.
☒ funny ☒ busy ☐ brave ☐ angry
7. The story has got three main _____.
☒ characters ☐ blogs ☐ projects ☐ fans
8. I left the cinema early because it was a/an _____ film.
☒ interesting ☐ angry ☐ boring ☐ busy
9. Mona enjoys _____ to music.
☒ listens ☒ to listening ☐ listening ☐ listens
10. I like this film; it has got a lot of _____.
☒ adventures ☐ glasses ☐ posts ☐ legs

5 Read and correct the underlined words.

1. I can helping poor people in different ways. (_____)
2. Our car has get new tyres. (_____)
3. A: Do you like studying English? B: Yes, I can. (_____)
4. A: What sport do you enjoy to play? B: Basketball. (_____)

E Writing \

6 Write a paragraph of EIGHTY (80) words on:

"Your favourite sports star"

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

اسئلة عامة على الوحدات 3 - 2 - 1 حسب ترتيب الورقة الامتحانية

A Listening

السؤال الأول في ورقة الامتحان

1 Listen to the recording and choose the correct answer (1 mark)

نصوص الاستماع الخاصة بهذا السؤال في آخر الكتاب

1. Nermeen is a

☐ student☐ teacher☐ nurse☐ player

2. She has a lot of

☐ paintings☐ lessons☐ subjects☐ classes

3. Her favourite subject is

☐ Science☐ History☐ Art☐ Maths

4. Nermeen likes her

☐ school☐ library☐ club☐ house

1. Habiba studies at the weekend.

☐ never☐ always☐ sometimes☐ often

2. Habiba is a at prep school.

☐ teacher☐ nurse☐ student☐ headmaster

3. Habiba often goes shopping with her

☐ mum☐ dad☐ uncle☐ aunt

4. Habiba and her mother usually go to the when it is not very hot.

☐ school☐ park☐ zoo☐ hospital

1. Soad has two daughters and a called Muhammad.

☐ cousin☐ son☐ mother☐ sister

2. Soad lives in

☐ Giza☐ Alexandria☐ Aswan☐ Cairo

Final Revision

3. Soad is a

☐ doctor

☐ nurse

☐ teacher

☐ vet

4. Amal and Shimaa are the speaker's

☐ daughters

☐ sisters

☐ cousins

☐ aunts

Language Functions

السؤال الثاني في ورقة الامتحان

2 Complete the following dialogue:

Amr : What is your uncle's name?

Ramy : He is ① Yasser.

Amr : How old is ②?

Ramy : He's 45 years ③

Amr : What does he do?

Ramy : He ④ an engineer.

Amr : Where does he work?

Ramy : He works in a big factory.

Amr : Do you have any cousins?

Ramy : Yes, I ⑤ five cousins.

John : What subject have we got next, Ali?

Ali : It's ① next.

I like Maths. What is your subject?

Ali : It's Social ②

John : Do you like Music?

Ali : Yes, I ③

John : What about Arabic?

Ali : I think it is easy.

John : When can we learn about acting?

Ali : In ④ lessons.

- Rehab : Do you **1** reading stories, Mona?
- Mona : Yes, I do.
- Rehab : What's your **2** story?
- Mona : Treasure Island.
- Rehab : Is it **3**?
- Mona : **4**, it's very exciting.
- Rehab : **5** I borrow it?
- Mona : Yes, of course.
- Rehab : Thank you.
- Mona : You're welcome.

C Reading Comprehension

السؤال الثالث في ورقة الامتحان

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

My family lives in Cairo but my dad works in Aswan. He is an engineer. He works from Monday to Thursday. He goes to the airport on Sundays, and he catches a plane to Aswan. It takes two hours to **fly** there. And then, he catches a plane home to Cairo on Thursday evenings. He works very hard. On Saturdays, we always have a picnic. We play football in the park and we play chess. I love my dad and I'm happy when he is at home.

Answer the following questions:

1. How long does it take the writer's father to get to Aswan?

.....

2. When does the writer's father come back home?

.....

3. Where does the writer's father work?

.....

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4. The writer's father goes to work by

a bus

b train

c plane

d car

Final Revision

5. They play football in the

☐ chess

☐ plane

☐ airport

☐ park

6. The underlined verb "fly" means to

☐ play

☐ take

☐ travel

☐ catch

My name is Ali. My friend Kareem lives in a very nice house with a small garden. His father plants fruits and vegetables there. One day, he invited me and five of our friends to his birthday party.

I arrived at my friend's house at eight in the evening. There I found my friends sitting with him in the garden. We played a lot of funny games there. Kareem's mother prepared lots of nice cakes. We ate, drank and sang. Kareem got lovely presents and he was so happy. After the party we played some computer games in Kareem's bedroom. It was a very wonderful evening and I went back home at ten.

Answer the following questions:

1. What did Kareem's mother prepare?

.....

2. When did Ali go back home?

.....

3. What does the underlined word "he" refer to?

.....

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4. They played computer games in Kareem's

☐ garden

☐ room

☐ kitchen

☐ office

5. Kareem invited of his friends to his birthday.

☐ eight

☐ six

☐ seven

☐ nine

6. Kareem got at the party.

☐ prizes

☐ gardens

☐ classes

☐ presents

Alice and her big sister sat under a tree one sunny day. Suddenly, a white rabbit ran past her. It took a watch from its jacket and looked at it. "Oh! Oh! I'm going to be late!" it said. "That's strange! A rabbit with a watch!" said Alice.

She jumped up and ran after the animal. It ran down a large rabbit-hole, so Alice went down the hole too. There were cupboards in the walls of the rabbit-hole. Some of the cupboards were open, and there were books in them. "Down, down, down, when will the hole end?" she wondered. "Perhaps I'm going to come out in Australia!"

Answer the following questions:

1. What was unusual about the rabbit?

.....

2. What did Alice see in the hole?

.....

3. Do you like the story? Why / Why not?

.....

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4. The best title for the story is

☐ a Alice in Australia

☐ b Alice in Wonderland

☐ c Alice's Rabbit

☐ d Alice

5. A rabbit ran past Alice.

☐ a grey

☐ b yellow

☐ c white

☐ d black

6. There were in the cupboards.

☐ a books

☐ b bottles

☐ c cheese

☐ d watches

Vocabulary & Structure

السؤال الرابع في ورقة الامتحان

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. A is a group of people singing or playing music together.

☐ a band

☐ b bank

☐ c park

☐ d pool

2. The opposite of "happy" is

☐ a bad

☐ b sad

☐ c mad

☐ d dad

3. How often does she tea a day?

☐ a has

☐ b had

☐ c have

☐ d having

Final Revision

4. My father never to work on Fridays.
☐ go ☐ goes ☐ going ☐ went
5. This book belongs to me. It's
☐ her ☐ my ☐ me ☐ mine
6. A lot of people like to watch TV Saturday evenings.
☐ of ☐ on ☐ in ☐ at
7. I like English. I like science,
☐ too ☐ to ☐ two ☐ too
8. are brothers or sisters who are the same age.
☐ Teams ☐ Twins ☐ Tools ☐ Trains
9. I'd like to travel to Alexandria. I like swimming there.
☐ listening ☐ playing ☐ going ☐ doing
10. All of us are of Ahmed Zewail. He was a great scientist.
☐ sad ☐ angry ☐ proud ☐ careful

1. is the subject for learning about cooking and skills for the home.
☐ Social Studies ☐ Home Economics
☐ Computer Studies ☐ Maths
2. You can find a lot of books in the school's
☐ laboratory ☐ library ☐ theatre ☐ playground
3. Some children in Egypt cycle school.
☐ to ☐ about ☐ in ☐ out
4. Computer Studies is my favourite
☐ subject ☐ sport ☐ object ☐ transport
5. The rings at the end of lessons.
☐ bill ☐ ball ☐ bell ☐ bowl
6. My mum has a car, so she me to school.
☐ rides ☐ runs ☐ walks ☐ drives
7. We should always school rules.
☐ break ☐ run ☐ follow ☐ wear
8. Hamdy is very lazy. He gets up early.
☐ always ☐ never ☐ often ☐ not
9. Those are my bicycles. They are theirs.
☐ friends' ☐ friend's ☐ friends ☐ friend

10. A: How do you go to school in a canoe?

B: Never.

☐ about

☐ much

☐ many

☐ often

1. What does your sister like?

☐ look

☐ take

☐ see

☐ have

2. How is the Cairo Tower?

☐ sad

☐ long

☐ tall

☐ sorry

3. A : you give me a pen, please?

B : Yes, I can.

☐ Do

☐ Are

☐ Have

☐ Can

4. A : Who scored the second ?

B : Mohamed Salah.

☐ goal

☐ mark

☐ degree

☐ ball

5. What do you like at the weekends, Noha?

☐ do

☐ does

☐ doing

☐ will do

6. I don't need ; I can see well.

☐ glass

☐ glasses

☐ smiles

☐ presents

7. A is hair that grows on a man's face or chin.

☐ beard

☐ nose

☐ bread

☐ finger

8. What presents for your birthday, Hani?

☐ you got have

☐ you have got

☐ have got you

☐ have you got

9. I have got straight hair, but it's short.

☐ quietly

☐ quite

☐ quiet

☐ quickly

10. A teacher should have a good

☐ personality

☐ person

☐ personal

☐ persons

السؤال الخامس في ورقة الامتحان

5 Read and correct the underlined words:

1. These are our bags. Those bags are our.

(.....)

2. Ahmed want to do a sport.

(.....)

3. Sara never get home late.

(.....)

4. Mostafa is mine son. He is an engineer.

(.....)

Final Revision

1. My uncle is my **mothers** brother. (.....)
2. Maha isn't a good girl. She **always** helps her mum. (.....)
3. I **arrive usually** home late at night. (.....)
4. **Hossams** sister is called Rasha. (.....)

1. My grandfather enjoys **play** chess all the time. (.....)
2. **Have** she got long blonde hair? (.....)
3. A crocodile **can't** swim well. (.....)
4. Are you good at **draw**? (.....)

E Writing \

السؤال السادس في ورقة الامتحان

6 Write a paragraph of **EIGHTY (80) words** on.

"Hobbies"

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

"Your day"

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

"What your grandfather looks like"

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

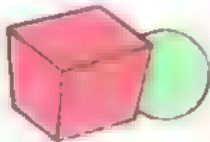
Unit 4

We're using technology!

“Key Vocabulary”

mobile phone (هاتف جوال / محمول)	safe (آمن)	guess (يخمن)
mouse (فأرة الكمبيوتر / ماوس)	hobby (هواية)	print (يطبع)
laptop computer (كمبيوتر محمول / لاب توب)	whiteboard (سبورة بيضاء)	break (فترة راحة / فسحة / يكسر)
3D printer (طابعة ثلاثية الأبعاد)	phone charger (شاحن تليفون)	
instructions (تعليمات)		

Adverbs of place



ex. The ball is next to the box.



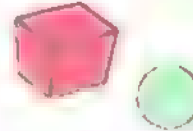
ex. The ball is on top of the box.



ex. The ball is inside the box.



ex. The ball is in front of the box.



ex. The ball is behind the box.



Words & Meanings

charge (يشحن)	increase the power of a battery
click (ينقر / على الماوس)	press a mouse or icon to make something happen on a computer
icon (أيقونة)	a small picture on a computer screen
MP3 player (مشغل ملفات الصوت)	a machine that can play music
online (عبر الإنترنت / متصل بالإنترنت)	using the internet
printer (طابعة)	a machine that can print documents, photos, from a computer
selfie (صورة سيلفي)	a photo you take to yourself

Final Revision

boil (ed) يغلي (الماء)	if you boil water, it is very hot and bubbles
nature الطبيعة	the plants, animals, land, sea, etc. around us
password كلمة المرور	a special word or letters that you write before you can use a computer or website
secret (n / adj) سر / سري	something that only you or a few people know
turn (on) on يشغل (جهاز)	start a machine
video call مكالمة فيديو	a way to talk to and see people online
website موقع على الإنترنت	an internet page with information about something
tablet كمبيوتر لوحي	a flat, mobile computer that is smaller than a laptop computer
tap يضغط برفق	touch quickly with your finger
technology التكنولوجيا	computers and mobile phones are examples of this

Verbs & nouns that come together

play chess	يلعب الشطرنج	click (on) an icon	ينقر أيقونة «بالموس»
take a selfie	يلتقط صورة (سيلفي)	win a game	يفوز بمباراة
make a video call	يجري مكالمة فيديو	tap (on) an icon	يضغط على أيقونة «بالأصبع»
bake a cake	تصنع كعكة	print the homework	يطبع الواجب المنزلي
make a model	يصنع نموذج	charge the phone	يشحن الهاتف
write an email	يكتب رسالة بريد إلكتروني	design an icon	يصمم أيقونة / رمز
send (a photo / a text message)	يرسل (صورة / رسالة نصية)	do Computer Studies homework	يقوم بعمل واجب الحاسب الآلي

Expressions

take notes	يسجل ملاحظات
have a hobby	لديه هواية
give advice	يعطي نصيحة
be friends with	يكون صداقات مع
be safe	يبقى آمناً
keep ... secret	يحافظ على ... سر

Prepositions

look at a website	ينظر إلى موقع على الإنترنت
smile at	يبتسم لـ
at break / lunchtime	في وقت الراحة / وقت الغداء
look for	يبحث عن
write with a pen	يكتب بقلم
charge.... with	يشحن ... بـ

Unit 4 We're using technology!

يبدو على مكالمته ذليفاً	look interesting	يبدو شيئاً	on the laptop	على الهاتف
يأتي للمنزل	come home	يأتي للمنزل	ask for help from	على اللاب توب
يتصل بالإنترنت	go online	يتصل بالإنترنت	take out	يطلب المساعدة من
يطير طائرة ورقية	fly a kite	يطير طائرة ورقية	يدخل على موقع على الإنترنت	يُخرج
سهل الاستخدام تماماً.	It's quite easy to use.	سهل الاستخدام تماماً.	أرفع يدي	

Words & Opposites

turn on	turn off	online	offline	similar	different
يشغل (جهاز)	يطفئ (جهاز)	عبر الإنترنت	غير الإنترنت	متشابه	مختلف

Conjugations Irregular Verbs

Present		Present
gave	عطى	wore
sat down	يجلس	told
sent	يرسل	bought
brought	يُحضِر	put
made	يصنع / يجعل	drank
did	يفعل	kept

Exercises Vocabulary

➤ Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. help turn the world into a small village.

- ☐ a Technology ☐ b Instructions ☐ c Password ☐ d Selfie

2. I looked at a to buy a laptop computer online.

- ☐ a printer ☒ b website ☐ c design ☐ d password

3. The makes it easy to talk to each other nowadays.

- ☐ a WPS printer ☐ b whiteboard ☐ c phone charger ☒ d mobile phone

Final Revision

4. You can carry a in your bag.

programme

laptop computer

bank

whiteboard

5. We use a to click on a computer screen.

charger

tablet

mouse

selfie

6. Noura has got a/an..... She always listens to her favourite songs on it.

MP3 player

mouse

phone charger

printer

7. Ahmed likes using his to make video calls.

whiteboard

tablet

MP3 player

message

8. I need a new for my mobile phone; the old one is broken.

icon

mouse

website

phone charger

9. We took many during the picnic yesterday.

selfies

icons

games

text messages

10. The captain of the ship gave to the sailors to sail along the sea.

secrets

passwords

instructions

breaks

11. Don't give anyone your It's not safe.

password

nature

instructions

break

12. is the plants, animals, land, sea, etc. around us.

Sky

Kettle

Nature

Poster

13. I have a lot of friends on Facebook.

made

did

gave

designed

14. You can go that website to look for cheap laptops.

at

over

down

onto

15. The teacher asked a question and I put my hand to answer it.

for

in

up

down

Unit 4 We're using technology!

16. _____ on that icon to send a message.

- ☐ Buy ☐ Tap ☐ Break ☐ Look

17. After a long walk in the sun, we sat _____ a big tree to have a rest.

- ☐ above ☐ about ☐ under ☐ over

18. The cat is standing next _____ the door.

- ☐ to ☐ of ☐ at ☐ for

19. We have to _____ the paper and give it to the teacher.

- ☐ tap ☐ click ☐ print ☐ throw

20. A computer has got a screen, a keyboard and a _____.

- ☐ mouse ☐ player ☐ mouth ☐ tablet

21. The opposite of online is _____.

- ☐ outline ☐ offline ☐ in line ☐ line

22. I asked my father to _____ me some advice.

- ☐ take ☐ come ☐ look ☐ give

23. You should keep your password _____.

- ☐ secret ☐ scared ☐ scary ☐ scare

24. The water which I put in the kettle began to _____.

- ☐ fly ☐ drink ☐ boil ☐ print

25. Make sure the _____ has enough paper in it.

- ☐ printer ☐ painter ☐ charger ☐ player



There is / There are

There is / is / are / are

مع الأسماء المفردة نستخدم There is / is / are / are

ex. There is a book on the table.

ex. There are two pens on the table.

نستخدم There are / aren't مع الأسماء التي تعد (الجمع):

ex. There are three apples on the table.

ex. There are two pens on the table.

للاستفهام نستخدم الصيغ الآتية:

Is there...? (للمفرد) هل يوجد...؟

ex. Is there any water on the table?

Are there...? (للمجمع) هل يوجد...؟

ex. Are there any tablets?

Yes, there is / are

No, there isn't / aren't.

some & any

some يستخدم بمعنى «بعض» في الجملة المقتضية إيجاباً الاسم المفرد (المفرد) لا تعد.

ex. She bought some pens / meat.

any يستخدم بمعنى «أي» في الجملة المنفية وفي السؤال الاسم المفرد (المفرد) لا تعد.

ex. I don't have any rice / apples. ex. Did you buy any pasta / pens?



The present continuous tense

زمن المضارع المستمر

Form / التكوين

I am (m)

He / She / It / is (s) + V + ing.

We / They / You / are (re)

ex. I am playing football now.

ex. Look! He is reading a book.

Usage / الاستخدام

١- يستخدم للتعبير عن فعل يحدث الآن (في وقت الكلام).

ex. Sara is watching TV now.

٢- يستخدم للتعبير عن أحداث مؤقتة تستغرق فترة من الوقت ولا يشترط أن تحدث وقت الكلام.

ex. He is learning German.

(أي أنه يتعلم الألمانية لفترة معينة من الوقت)

٣- يستخدم للتعبير عن أحداث مرتب لها في المستقبل.

ex. Tomorrow, my dad is taking the bus to Giza.

٤- يستخدم لوصف صورة.

ex. My little sister is smiling in this photo.

Unit 4 We're using technology!

لاحظ الآتي:

١- إذا انتهى الفعل بحرف ساكن يسبقه حرف متحرك نضاعف الحرف الساكن الأخير عند إضافة (ing) في بعض الأفعال:

sit → sitting tap → tapping

٢- إذا انتهى الفعل بحرف (e) غير منطوق يحذف الـ (e) ثم تضاف (ing) إلى الفعل:

use → using make → making

٣- إذا انتهى الفعل بحرف (e) منطوق لا تحذف عند إضافة (ing):

see → seeing be → being

٤- إذا انتهى الفعل بحرفي (ie) تحول إلى (y) عند إضافة (ing):

lie → lying die → dying

Negative النفي

لنفي فعل في زمن المضارع المستمر نستخدم (not) بعد (am / is / are) كما يلي:

Subject الفاعل + am / is / are + not + V-ing.

ex. I'm not working today.

ex. He is (is) going on a school trip today.

Question السؤال

نسأل عن فعل في زمن المضارع المستمر بالصيغ الآتية:

١- للسؤال بـ «هل» Yes / No question

Am → I

he - she - it / فاعل مفرد غائب + (V-ing) .. ?

Are → we - you - they / فاعل جمع

ex. Is he playing tennis now?

- Yes, he is.

- No, he isn't.

ex. Are they studying their lessons?

- Yes, they are.

- No, they aren't.

٢- للسؤال بكلمة استفهام Wh-question نضع كلمة الاستفهام قبل الصيغة السابقة:

ex. A: What are you doing?

B: I am reading a book.

لاحظ الآتي:

• بعض الأفعال لا تستخدم في زمن المضارع المستمر ولكن تستخدم في زمن المضارع البسيط مثل:

يحتاج need - يريد want - يملك have - يحب like - يحب love

ex. I want to see Ali now.

Final Revision

الكلمات متداولة

Look!	انظروا	at the moment	في هذه اللحظة	today	اليوم
Listen!	استمعوا	at present	في الوقت الحاضر	Watch out!	احترسوا
now	الآن	Look out!	احترسوا		



Imperative

صيغة الأمر

1

صيغة الأمر النفي

→ باقي الجملة + مصدر الفعل، نفي

2

صيغة الأمر النفي

→ باقي الجملة + inf. + نفي

→ باقي الجملة + inf. + نفي

استخدامات صيغة الأمر

Giving orders

إعطاء أوامر

your homework.

ex. don't talk in class.

إثبات

نفي

Giving instructions

إعطاء تعليمات

some water in a kettle.

tell people your personal information.

إثبات

نفي

Giving advice

إعطاء نصيحة

use word secret.

send photos to people you don't know.

إثبات

نفي

لاحظ الآتي:

1- نستخدم فعل في الأمر كالتالي:

- Be polite to other people.
- Don't be late for school.

2- إذا بدأت الجملة بفعل أمر فإن الفعل المعطوف عليه يكون أمر أيضاً:

- Study hard and sleep early, Ahmed.

Exercises

Grammar

1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. There little water in the glass, I need more.

are

have

is

were

Unit 4 We're using technology!

2. There _____ any books on my desk.

is

aren't

isn't

are

3. A: Are there any cars in the park?

B: No, there _____.

isn't

don't

are

aren't

4. Huda _____ on a new project at present.

works

is working

worked

will work

5. Look out! A snake _____ near you.

is moving

have moved

moved

move

6. _____ careful when you cross the street.

Be never

Be not

Never be

Always be

7. I _____ exercises at the moment.

do

'm not doing

is doing

did

8. Nahed _____ a video call on her mobile phone now.

is making

was making

make

makes

9. _____ the boys playing in the garden at the moment?

Is

Are

Do

will

10. _____ the water before you put the tea bag into the cup.

To boil

Boiling

Boil

To boiling

2 Read and correct the underlined words:

1. Hello! Samy. What are you do now?

(_____)

2. Listen! The plane makes a loud noise.

(_____)

3. There are any birds in that tree.

(_____)

4. There are any people buying tickets for the next train.

(_____)

5. The mechanic is repairing my car yesterday.

(_____)

6. Not shout, I can hear you.

(_____)

7. To put your hand up to ask a question.

(_____)

8. Always tell people your password. It is not safe.

(_____)

TEST 4 UNIT 4

A Listening //

1 ➤ Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

نص الاستماع الخاص بهذا السؤال في آخر الكتاب

1. Marwa likes

☐ cakes

☐ nature

☐ films

☐ sports

2. Marwa doesn't like being in the

☐ nature

☐ garden

☐ house

☐ world

3. Marwa likes watching

☐ flowers

☐ tress

☐ animals

☐ all of these

4. Marwa likes walking in the

☐ street

☐ house

☐ park

☐ room

B Language Functions //

2 ➤ Complete the following dialogue:

Manal : Hi, Narges. It's Manal.

Narges : Oh! Hello, Manal. What are you ?

Manal : I'm my mother in the kitchen.

Narges : What you cooking?

Manal : We're cooking spaghetti.

Narges : Wow! I know how to it well.

Manal : Who taught you to cook it?

Narges : My mother.

Manal : Can you teach me how to cook spaghetti?

Narges : Yes, of

C Reading Comprehension \

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

Hello! I'm Israa. I want to write about my mobile phone. It's a modern and expensive one. I got it from my parents on my birthday last week. I like it very much. I always keep it in my bag. It's got a calculator, so I sometimes use it at school. I use it to call my friends. It's got a camera. I take selfies with it all the time. I also go onto the internet to get information about my study. Isn't it fantastic?

Answer the following questions:

1. Where does Israa keep her mobile phone?

.....

2. When did she get her mobile phone?

.....

3. Do you have a mobile phone? What do you do with it?

.....

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4. We can use a calculator when we study

☐ English

☐ Maths

☐ History

☐ Art

5. The mobile phone is very to Israa.

☐ useful

☐ bad

☐ useless

☐ boring

6. The underlined pronoun "it" refers to

☐ the camera

☐ the mobile phone

☐ the school

☐ the internet

D Vocabulary & Structure \

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. Schools use the latest means of these days.

☐ selfie

☐ technology

☐ dictionary

☐ shops

2. Please, give me your MP3 I want to listen to a song.

☐ charger

☐ printer

☐ player

☐ maker

3. mistakes, you may lose some marks.

☐ Make

☐ Never

☐ Don't

☐ Never make

Final Revision

4. There _____ some bread in the fridge.

☐ is

☐ are

☐ aren't

☐ isn't

5. We always take _____ between lessons at school.

☐ hobbies

☐ passwords

☐ friends

☐ breaks

6. Sanaa _____ a new dress now.

☐ makes

☐ making

☐ is making

☐ to make

7. The _____ you gave me was very useful.

☐ advice

☐ nature

☐ advise

☐ park

8. Mr Samir gave us some _____ to help us write a paragraph.

☐ passwords

☐ icons

☐ instructions

☐ hobbies

9. I put the food on the cooker, but I forgot to turn it _____. It is cold.

☐ off

☐ on

☐ onto

☐ of

10. I _____ some water in the kettle to make tea.

☐ boiled

☐ threw

☐ painted

☐ drank

5 Read and correct the underlined words:

1. There is any oil on the road, don't drive fast.

(_____)

2. The policeman looks for the thief now.

(_____)

3. Do use this kettle, it's dirty.

(_____)

4. Are there any tea in the cup?

(_____)

E Writing //

6 Write a paragraph of EIGHTY (80) words on:

"How to stay safe online"

Vocabulary

beach	شاطئ	sea	بحر	waterfall	شلال
desert	صحراء	wind	رياح	language school	مدرسة لتعليم اللغات
cave	كهف	windy	عاطف / شديد الرياح	queen	ملكة
mountain	جبل	exciting	مثير	interesting	شيق
jungle	غابة استوائية / أدغال	holiday	عطلة / إجازة	snails	قواقع
forest	غابة كبيرة	holiday courses	برامج للإجازات	postcards	بطاقات بريدية
lake	بحيرة	hotel	فندق	buy (bought)	يشترى
river	نهر	flag	علم / راية		



Words & Meanings

camp (ed)	يعسكر / يخيم	sleep for a time in a tent
castle	قلعة	a big, strong building from the past
dolphin	دولفين (سمكة الدرفيل)	a friendly sea animal
holiday flat	شقة مخصصة للإجازة	a place to stay for a holiday
souvenir	هدية تذكارية	something you buy to remember a holiday
view	منظر	what you can see from a place

Verbs & nouns that come together

climb	a mountain	يتسلق جبل	see	a camel	يشاهد جمل
eat	delicious food	يأكل طعام لذيذ	sleep	in a tent	ينام في خيمة
go in / into	a cave	يدخل كهفا	swim	in the sea / a lake	يسبح في البحر / بحيرة
have	a picnic	يقوم بنزهة خلوية	ride	a horse	يركب خيل
make	a sandcastle	يبني قلعة رملية	have	dinner	يتناول العشاء
visit	a family	يزور أسرة	eat ...for	dinner	يأكل على العشاء
play	games	يلعب ألعاب	go on	holiday	يذهب في إجازة
ride	a bike	يركب دراجة			

Final Revision

Expressions

interesting!	يا له من أمر رائع!
a fantastic holiday	يقضي إجازة رائعة
That's right.	هذا صحيح.
a wonderful time	يقضي وقت رائع
It was nice to meet you.	سعدت بلقاؤك.
Best wishes.	أطيب أمنياتي.
interesting projects	ينفذ مشروعات شيقة
What a pity!	يا للأسف!
see and do	الكثير لتراه وتفعله
Oh dear!	يا إلهي!
See you soon.	أراك قريبًا.

Prepositions

the beach	على الشاطئ
get	يصل إلى
on the top	على قمة
ride a camel	يركب جمل
on the river	في النهر
go a boat trip	يذهب في رحلة بالقارب
get a train	يستقل قطار
in Arabic	باللغة العربية
call	ينادي بصوت عال
walk all around	يتجول حول

Words &

dark	مظلم	light	مضيء	warm	دافئ	cold	بارد
closed	مغلق	open	مفتوح	top	قمة	bottom	قاع

Communications

Irregular Verbs

Present

win	يفوز	won
ride	يركب	rode
learn	يتعلم	learnt / learned

Past

leave	يفادر	left
come	يأتي	came
fall	يسقط	fell

Vocabulary

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. You can have a better of the Nile from this balcony.

☐ a show

☐ b view

☐ c review

☐ d ride

2. A is a big, strong building from the past.

☐ a playground

☐ b school

☐ c castle

☐ d forest

3. Tourists stay in comfortable in Hurghada.

☐ a hotels

☐ b streets

☐ c ways

☐ d beaches

4. A _____ is a friendly sea animal.

☐ shark

☐ tiger

☐ hippo

☒ dolphin

5. It never rains in the _____.

☐ beach

☐ desert

☐ sea

☒ country

6. How did the man _____ that high mountain?

☐ have

☐ eat

☐ make

☒ climb

7. There isn't enough _____ to fly a kite.

☐ wind

☐ rain

☐ sun

☒ light

8. Let's have our picnic by the _____. It's very hot today.

☐ water tap

☐ waterfall

☐ watermelon

☒ water pipe

9. A: We will go on holiday tomorrow.

B: _____ interesting!

☐ How

☐ What

☐ When

☒ Where

10. John bought a medal of the Pyramids as a _____ of Egypt.

☐ prize

☐ souvenir

☐ time

☒ medal

11. A _____ is a big hole in a mountain.

☐ river

☐ desert

☐ lake

☒ cave

12. Some tourists went to the Pyramids and _____ horses there.

☐ drove

☒ rode

☐ ate

☒ broke

13. The tourists ate many things like _____ in Paris.

☐ snails

☐ stones

☐ nails

☒ rocks

14. This company offers cheap summer holiday _____.

☐ degrees

☐ sums

☐ courses

☒ marks

15. The film was _____, so we all liked it.

☐ boring

☐ terrible

☐ bad

☒ exciting

Final Revision

16. When I visited Khan El Khalili, I bought souvenirs and

postcards blog posts post offices posts

17. The tourists swam in the at Siwa.

forest lake mountain cave

18. The tourists saw a dolphin in the

sea desert mountain valley

19. We a fantastic holiday in Siwa.

did built gave had

20. A is the area of sand in front of a sea.

desert beach river rock

21. The tourists went on a boat the river Seine.

on in of about

22. Egypt's is red, white and black.

flat land flag country

23. Dangerous animals usually live in

forests gardens tents houses

24. He was a nice singer; we called for another song.

to about out of

25. We played a lot of games the beach.

about for to on

26. A: Our team lost an important match yesterday.

B: What a

pity bite boat pot

27. They put up three tents to in this area.

climb camp comb come



Grammar



The past simple tense

زمن الماضي البسيط

• Usage / الاستخدام

• يستخدم زمن الماضي البسيط للتعبير عن حدث تم وانتهى في الماضي.

• Form / التكوين

التصريف الثاني للفعل + (كل الضمائر) فاعل Subject

• تنقسم الأفعال إلى أفعال منتظمة وأفعال غير منتظمة

: الأفعال المنتظمة : هي الأفعال التي يتكون منها الماضي بإضافة **ed** لآخر الفعل

play → played

walk → walked

- إذا انتهى الفعل بحرف **e** نضيف **d** فقط للفعل

like → liked

dance → danced

- إذا انتهى الفعل بـ **حرف ساكن يليه حرف** نحذف حرف ونضيف **d**

study → studied

carry → carried

- يضاعف الحرف الأخير في بعض الأفعال عند إضافة **d**

stop → stopped

travel → travelled

: الأفعال غير المنتظمة وهي التي لا يضاف لها **d** في الماضي

go → went

eat → ate

ومن أهم الأفعال الشاذة التي يجب أن نتعلمها

	present		past simple
Verb to be	I → am		was
	He / She / It → is		
	We / You / They → are		were
Verb to have	I / We / You / They → have		
	He / She / It → has		had
Verb to do	I / We / You / They → do		
	He / She / It → does		did

لاحظ الاختصارات: did not = didn't was not = wasn't were not = weren't

Affirmative / في الإثبات

ex. They home late yesterday.

ex. I games last week.

ex. The tourists amazing food.

Final Revision

Negative / فى النفي

Subject + didn't + inf. مصدر الفعل.

وتوجد طرق أخرى للنفي كالتالى:

ex. I **didn't meet** my family.

ex. He **didn't take** the film.

شكل الفعل بالجملة	طريقة النفي
was / were	- wasn't / weren't
had	- didn't have
did	- didn't do

ex. Hassan **wasn't** at home yesterday.

Question / فى السؤال

ex. **Did** she **climb** the mountain?

وللإجابة المختصرة نقول:

ex. Yes, she **did**. ex. No, she **didn't**.

ex. **When did she** climb the mountain?

Keywords / الكلمات الدالة

yesterday	أمس	last (week - month - year)	الأسبوع - الشهر - العام) الماضى	ago	منذ
in 2018	فى عام ٢٠١٨	in the past	فى الماضى	once	مرة / ذات مرة

Grammar

1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. We shopping last week.

☐ a go

☐ b went

☐ c going

☐ d goes

2. How did you to Luxor yesterday?

☐ a travel

☐ b travelled

☐ c travelling

☐ d travels

3. Hatem his uncle last Sunday.

☐ a visit

☐ b will visit

☐ c visited

☐ d visits

4. you win a prize a month ago?

☐ a Will

☐ b Are

☐ c Do

☐ d Did

5. My uncle his car last summer.

☐ a sold

☐ b sell

☐ c selling

☐ d sells

6. When did you your work last night?

- ☐ a finishes ☐ b finish ☐ c finished ☐ d finishing

7. Two weeks ago, I in Luxor.

- ☐ a are ☐ b am ☐ c were ☐ d was

8. A: you drink the milk? B: No, I didn't.

- ☐ a Do ☐ b Does ☐ c Did ☐ d Doing

9. Mum cook fish last week. She cooked meat.

- ☐ a don't ☐ b doesn't ☐ c did ☐ d didn't

10. Did Noha her homework yesterday?

- ☐ a do ☐ b does ☐ c doing ☐ d done

2 Read and correct the underlined words.

1. Yesterday, we are in the same place. (.....)
2. Hassan was't happy, so he doesn't like to go to school. (.....)
3. Did you **had** a good weekend? (.....)
4. What did you **bought**? (.....)
5. She **wears** a nice dress yesterday. (.....)

TEST 5 UNIT 5

A Listening

1 Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

نص الاستماع الخاص بهذا السؤال في آخر الكتاب

1. The speaker is called
☐ a Omar ☐ b Sameh ☐ c Nader ☐ d Ali
2. Omar and his visited his uncle.
☐ a friends ☐ b sons ☐ c girls ☐ d family
3. They visited his uncle in
☐ a April ☐ b May ☐ c June ☐ d March
4. They had in the park.
☐ a dinner ☐ b lunch ☐ c breakfast ☐ d supper

B Language Functions

2 Complete the following dialogues.

- 1 A: What is your favourite place to visit?
B: I like to visit the mountains. There are a lot of trees.

Final Revision

- Ahmed : there monkeys in the trees?
George : No. They're very dark and quiet.
- Ahmed : you in a forest ?
George : Yes, I
- Ahmed : My turn. I'm in a place with a lot of
George : I know. You're in the desert.
- Ahmed : No, I'm not in the desert. There is a lot of water here.
George : I know. You are on the beach.
- Ahmed : You are

C Reading Comprehension

3 Read the following, then answer the questions

Schools in ancient Egypt are very different from schools nowadays. Students stayed at school all day and night, but the school didn't give them food or drink. Their mothers used to go to the school every day carrying the food and drink for them. They could see their children every day, but the children could only leave school once a week to visit their homes and see their parents.

At ancient schools, the students learnt writing, reading and mathematics. Ancient Egyptian writing was very different from today's writing. When the pupils wrote, they did not use letters, they used pictures. Teachers used to teach them good habits at those schools.

Answer the following questions:

1. What did the ancient Egyptian teachers teach the pupils?

.....

2. Who brought the children food and drink at school?

.....

3. What did the children learn at their school?

.....

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4. The Egyptian writing was written in

- ☐ a words ☒ b letters ☐ c pictures ☐ d pieces

5. The children could visit their homes and parents a week.

- ☐ a once ☒ b twice ☐ c three times ☐ d four times

6. The pupils stayed in ancient schools.

- ☐ a all day ☐ b all night
☐ c all day and night ☐ d all week

D Vocabulary Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. he read a book yesterday?
☐ a Does ☐ b Did ☒ c Do ☐ d Is
2. I to my village a week ago.
☐ a will go ☐ b go ☒ c going ☐ d went
3. Yesterday, we a nice cake.
☐ a buy ☐ b bought ☐ c buys ☒ d buying
4. A: We went to see the monkeys but they were all tired.
 B: What a!
☐ a happiness ☐ b pity ☒ c pleasure ☐ d joy
5. At school, the students a lot of exciting projects.
☐ a made ☐ b looked ☒ c came ☐ d did
6. A: We bought an ice cream and went to see the elephants.
 B: Wow! exciting!
☐ a How ☒ b What ☐ c When ☐ d Where
7. When the tourists went to the London Eye, they went on a
☐ a drive ☐ b ride ☐ c swim ☒ d skip
8. A is a place where there is no water or trees. There is a lot of sand.
☐ a river ☐ b lake ☒ c desert ☐ d beach
9. We a picnic in Al Azhar Park last week.
☐ a had ☐ b played ☒ c ran ☐ d crossed
10. I went holiday last week.
☐ a in ☐ b at ☐ c on ☒ d out

5 Read and correct the underlined words:

1. Last summer, my father **drives** us to Alexandria. (.....)
2. Who **do** you go to the library with last Monday? (.....)
3. Rami didn't **sold** his old car last week. (.....)
4. What did you **saw** yesterday? (.....)

E Writing

6 Write a paragraph of 100-120 words on

"Your last holiday"

.....

.....

Unit 6

Let's eat!

Key Vocabulary

cheese	جبن	snack	وجبة خفيفة	chef	رئيس الطهاة
hummus	حمص	rice pudding	أرز باللبن	healthy	صحي
nuts	مكسرات	customer	زبون	unhealthy	غير صحي
olives	زيتون	menu	قائمة طعام	boil (ed)	يغلى - يسلق
peppers	فلفل (من الخضروات)	ingredients	مقادير أكلة	stir (red)	يقلب
salad	سلطة	teaspoon	ملعقة شاي	try (ied)	يجرب (طعام)
salt	ملح	saucepan	إناء صغير		
sugar	سكر	fridge	ثلاجة		
café	مقهى / كافيتيريا				

Names of meals

koshari	كشري	beans	فول
tagine	طاجين (أكلة مغربية)	kapenta	كابنتا (أكلة سمك من زيمبابوي)
nyama na irio	نياما نا إيرو (أكلة من كينيا)	shepherd's pie	فطيرة الراعي
stew	يخني (من اللحم والخضراوات والتوابل)		

Words & Meanings

add (ed)	يضيف	to put something into something else
bean	فول	a plant that grows in the ground and has small, round, flat seeds
biscuit	بسكويت	a small, round, flat and round
cake	كعك	a sweet food made from flour, sugar and eggs
cinnamon	قرفة (من التوابل)	a spice that is used in cooking
crisps	رقائق بطاطس مقلية	a food made from potatoes that are cut into thin slices and fried in oil
fat	دهون	natural oils in food.
fig	ثمن	a small, round fruit that grows on a tree
fizzy drinks	مشروبات غازية	drinks that contain carbon dioxide gas
raisin	زبيب	a small, dry grape
recipe	وصفة طهي	a set of instructions for how to cook a dish

Unit 6 Let's eat!

Expressions

It's a good idea.	إنها فكرة رائعة.
feel ill	يشعر بالمرض
see a doctor	يزور طبيب
a bit boring	ممل بعض الشيء
Here you are.	تفضل.
look delicious	يبدو لذيذ
enjoyed ...	يستمتع بـ ... للغاية
... else?	هل تريد شيء آخر؟
different ... usual	مختلف عن المعتاد
catch fish	يصطاد سمك
It's my ...	إنها المفضلة لدى.
Let's + inf.	هيا بنا
be careful	إحرص

Prepositions

on top	على القمة
eat on a plate	يأكل من طبق
the water/ sea	في المياه / البحر
look after	يعتني بـ
sit down	يجلس
come from	يأتي من (بلده...)
dinner	على العشاء
go	يعود إلى
put ...	يضع ... في
with coconut	يضاف إليه جوز الهند
look the window	ينظر خارج النافذة
on the beach	على الشاطئ
cook with	يطهو ... مع
a piece / pieces	قطعة / قطع من

amazing رائع	great رائع	bad for you ضار لك	unhealthy غير صحي
delicious لذيذ / شهى	healthy صحى	not nice ليس جيد	
good for you مفيد لك	wonderful رائع		

Words &

good جيد	bad سئ	real حقيقى	unreal غير حقيقى
slowly ببطئ	quickly بسرعة	careful حريص	careless مهمل
easy سهل	hard صعب	hungry جائع	full ممتلئ (شبعان)
sweet حلو	salty مالح	usual معتاد	unusual غير معتاد
large كبير	small صغير		

Present

catch يمسك	caught
grow ينمو	grew

Present

make يعد (يطهو)	made
think يفكر	thought

Past simple

Exercises



Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. _____ are healthy foods.

- ☒ a Nuts ☐ b Fizzy drinks ☐ c Sweets ☐ d Crisps

2. _____ are sweet snacks baked in the oven, usually small, flat and round.

- ☒ a Figs ☐ b Biscuits ☐ c Fizzy drinks ☐ d Cinnamon

3. _____ drinks are always bad for our teeth.

- ☐ a Busy ☐ b Easy ☐ c Lazy ☒ d Fizzy

4. If there's a _____ nearby, we could stop for a snack.

- ☒ a café ☐ b recipe ☐ c coffee ☐ d fridge

5. Water is great because it hasn't got any _____ or sugar.

- ☐ a fat ☐ b fish ☐ c figs ☒ d fruit

6. It's _____ to eat fruit and vegetables.

- ☐ a lazy ☐ b OK ☐ c busy ☒ d unhealthy

7. We shouldn't have drinks with a lot of _____.

- ☐ a fish ☐ b meat ☐ c beans ☒ d sugar

8. Snacks like hummus with carrot and cucumber are _____ foods.

- ☐ a dirty ☐ b unhealthy ☐ c difficult ☒ d healthy

9. Vegetables and _____ do not have much sugar or fat.

- ☒ a Beans ☐ b Sweets ☐ c Fizzy drinks ☐ d Chocolate

10. I added two _____ of sugar to my tea.

- ☐ a teapots ☒ b teaspoons ☐ c knives ☐ d forks

11. Children usually eat _____ between meals.

- ☒ a snacks ☐ b snakes ☐ c stars ☐ d socks

12. I like Egyptian _____ pudding.

- ☐ a mice ☐ b nose ☐ c rice ☒ d rose

13. A: Which drinks are bad us?

B: Fizzy drinks.

for at on in

14. Please, keep the food in the

fridge bridge page cage

15. I like eating with peppers. It's delicious.

cheese shoes chess choice

16. We need milk, eggs and flour to make a

bake break lake cake

17. is my daughter's favourite snack.

Salt Teaspoon Hummus Recipe

18. are a kind of vegetables.

Peppers Spices Customers Nuts

19. The waiter brought the and I chose fish and rice.

list menu sheet paper

20. Macaroni and rice are the main of koshari.

pieces teaspoons ingredients customers

21. We asked the to prepare a nice meal for our visitors.

chef chief customer recipe

22. Don't forget to your tea before you drink it.

stay stop stand stir

23. We use vegetables like lettuce, tomatoes and cucumbers to make

salad customer menu review

24. give food a delicious taste.

Cultures Spices Spaces Reviews

25. Fruit is very good your health.

on at in for

Grammar

Countable & uncountable nouns الاسماء التي تعد والتي لا تعد

Countable nouns:

الاسماء التي تعد إما أن تأتي مفردة فيسبقها **a / an** أو تأتي جمع دون إضافة **a / an**

الاسماء التي تعد (الجمع) إما أن تنتهي بالنهايات أو تجمع جمع شاذ

نكون الجمع من الاسماء المفردة التي تعد بإضافة الآتي:

١- إما بإضافة **s** لآخر الاسم: **book → books**

٢- أو بإضافة **:o / s / ss / ch / sh / o / x** لآخر الاسم إذا انتهى بالحروف

bus → buses

beach → beaches

٣- أو بإضافة **y** لآخر الاسم إذا انتهى بحرف **(y)** وكان قبله حرف ساكن حيث نحذف **(y)**.

candy → candies

٤- أما إذا سبق حرف **(y)** حرف متحرك لا يحذف ويضاف **(s)** فقط

day → days

٥- أو بإضافة **ves** لآخر الاسم إذا انتهى بـ **f / fe** حيث نحذف كما يلي:

knife → knives

loaf → loaves

- وهناك أسماء شاذة لا تتبع القاعدة ولها جمع خاص بها تحفظ كما هي:

mouse → mice

ox → oxen

man → men

woman → women

some & any

تستخدم **some** بمعنى «بعض» في الجملة المثبتة أمام الاسم الذي يعد (الجمع) والذي لا يعد.

ex. She bought **some** nuts / meat.

تستخدم **some** في السؤال (للعرض).

ex. Would you like **some** tea?

تستخدم **any** بمعنى «أي» في الجملة المنفية وفي السؤال مع الاسماء التي تعد (الجمع) والتي لا تعد.

ex. I don't have **any** rice / apples.

ex. Did you buy **any** pasta / pens?

some تستخدم مع		any تستخدم مع	
جملة مثبتة	سؤال	جملة منفية	سؤال

يوجد / لا يوجد (المفرد) **There is / isn't**

يوجد / لا يوجد (للجمع) **There are / aren't**

- انظر الوحدة الرابعة

a lot of / lots of

كثير من

تستخدمان مع الأسماء التي تُعد (الجمع)، ومع الأسماء التي لا تُعد.

ex. We have a lot of / lots of raisins.

ex. She bought a lot of / lots of chocolate.

enough

كاف

(not) enough + اسم

يمكن أن نستخدم كافٍ قبل الاسم الذي يعد (الجمع) أو قبل الاسم الذي لا يعد.

ex. There are enough cakes for all the students.

ex. There is (not) enough water.

كثير جدا (للحمية) too much / كثير جدا (للعدد) too many

نستخدم too many مع الأسماء التي تعد (الجمع).

ex. There are too many biscuits.

نستخدم too much مع الأسماء التي لا تعد.

ex. There isn't too much cheese.

قطعة / قطعة من a piece of / pieces of

يمكن أن نستخدم a piece / pieces of مع الأسماء التي تعد:

ex. Here's a piece of cheese.

ex. Eat four pieces of fruit every day.



Giving advice: should / shouldn't

إعطاء النصيحة بـ (سيفي - ينبغي ألا)

نستخدم لإعطاء النصيحة ودائماً ما يأتي بعدهما مصدر الفعل:

صيغة الفعل. should / shouldn't + inf. صميم (مفرد / جمع) فاعل

Affirmative / الإثبات

should

• للنصيحة بفعل شيء نستخدم

should + inf

- You should eat a lot of fruit and vegetables.

shouldn't

• للنصيحة بعدم فعل شيء نستخدم

shouldn't + inf

- You shouldn't eat too many crisps and cakes.

Question / السؤال

٢- سؤال (بكلمة استفهام):

• لطلب النصيحة نستخدم:

١- سؤال بـ 'هل...؟'

كلمة استفهام inf...? فاعل

Should + فاعل + inf...?

- What should we eat?

- Should I clean my teeth?

الإجابة في الإثبات Yes, you should.

الإجابة في النفي No, you shouldn't.



1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. Can you buy more orange juice, please? There _____ in the fridge.
☐ a isn't some ☐ b aren't any ☐ c isn't any ☐ d aren't some
2. You _____ study while you are in bed.
☐ a have ☐ b aren't ☐ c are ☐ d shouldn't
3. There aren't any _____ at the market.
☐ a pasta ☐ b lamb ☐ c tomatoes ☐ d rice
4. How much sleep _____ children have each night?
☐ a does ☐ b should ☐ c is ☐ d can't
5. There is _____ water in that bottle.
☐ a some ☐ b any ☐ c many ☐ d few
6. There is too _____ salt in the food.
☐ a many ☐ b any ☐ c much ☐ d few
7. There isn't any _____ in the kitchen.
☐ a tomatoes ☐ b potatoes ☐ c carrots ☐ d meat
8. You _____ drink too much water while you do sports. It can make you feel ill.
☐ a not ☐ b must ☐ c shouldn't ☐ d should
9. _____ there any cheese in the fridge?
☐ a Are ☐ b Is ☐ c Do ☐ d Did
10. You _____ eat healthy food.
☐ a should ☐ b shouldn't ☐ c isn't ☐ d doesn't

2 Read and correct the underlined words:

- 1- Students shouldn't always be polite in the classroom. (.....)
- 2- There are any apples on the plate. (.....)
- 3- You shouldn't to eat too many sweets. (.....)
- 4- There isn't some meat in the dish. (.....)
- 5- There are too much cakes in that shop. (.....)

TEST 6 UNIT 6

A Listening

1 Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

نص الاستماع الخاص بهذا السؤال في آخر الكتاب

1. We drink too much fruit juice.

- ☐ shouldn't ☐ should ☐ isn't ☐ doesn't

2. We should eat between two and pieces of fruit a day.

- ☐ one ☐ eight ☐ four ☐ ten

3. Fruit juice has got a lot of

- ☐ salt ☐ cold ☐ fat ☐ sugar

4. Fruit is a snack.

- ☐ many ☐ great ☐ much ☐ bad

B Language Functions

2 Complete the dialogue:

Magda : What's your favourite food, Eman?

Eman : I ① koshari.

Magda : What are the main ingredients of koshari?

Eman : They are rice, pasta, lentils and tomatoes.

Magda : ② do you eat it?

Eman : I like to ③ it at the restaurant.

Magda : Is it ④ ?

Eman : Yes, it is.

Magda : Is it expensive?

Eman : ⑤ , it isn't.

C Reading Comprehension

3 Read the following text and answer the questions.

My name's Mariam. I always have breakfast with my family. I always take sandwiches with me to school. My favourite sandwiches are eggs and cheese. They're delicious! I also like kofta sandwiches. I always have lunch at home. After lunch, I eat an apple or a banana. I usually drink hot chocolate with milk or tea with milk. For dinner I have cheese and some salad. I must eat healthy food but I like pizza. It is my favourite food. I know that it's unhealthy to eat it but it's delicious!

Answer the following questions:

1. What is Mariam's favourite food?

.....

2. What does Mariam like drinking?

.....

3. Where does she have her lunch?

.....

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4. Mariam takes when she goes to school.

☒ sandwiches ☐ fish ☐ salad ☐ pizza

5. Eggs and cheese sandwiches are Mariam likes them.

☒ terrible ☐ bad ☐ wrong ☐ delicious

6- The underlined pronoun "It" refers to

☒ milk ☐ cheese ☐ pizza ☐ salad

D Vocabulary & Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

1. There aren't tomatoes in the box.

☒ some ☐ little ☐ much ☐ any

2. Could you tell me the of rice pudding in the recipe?

☒ pieces ☐ vegetables ☐ ingredients ☐ pots

3. I think Ahmed will have a test soon. He revise his lessons well.

☒ mustn't ☐ should ☐ shouldn't ☐ can't

4. You shouldn't eat too sweets.

☐ a many

☐ b much

☐ c little

☐ d some

5. I can easily make koshari, it's an easy

☐ a recipe

☐ b ingredients

☐ c cake

☐ d piece

6. Bean is a traditional in Egypt.

☐ a many

☐ b meal

☐ c beach

☐ d review

7. is a sweet spice used in cooking.

☐ a Bean

☐ b Crisp

☐ c Cinnamon

☐ d Fat

8. My favourite meal for breakfast is and eggs.

☐ a cheese

☐ b chair

☐ c show

☐ d chess

9. You should drink water.

☐ a unhealthy

☐ b bad

☐ c lazy

☐ d healthy

10. are small, dry grapes.

☐ a Raisins

☐ b Figs

☐ c Biscuits

☐ d Cakes

5 Read and correct the underlined words:

1- There is some books in the bag.

(.....)

2- There aren't some eggs in the fridge.

(.....)

3- You should to study hard for the exam.

(.....)

4- How much bananas are there in the fridge?

(.....)

E Writing \

6 Write a paragraph of EIGHTY (80) words on:

"Your favourite food"

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

اسئلة عامة على الوحدات 6 - 5 - 4 حسب الترتيب اوراق الامتحانية

A Listening

السؤال الأول في ورقة الامتحان

1. Listen to the recording and choose the correct answer.

نصوص الاستماع الخاصة بهذا السؤال في آخر الكتاب

1. A lot of fat and sugar is for our bodies.
☐ good ☐ healthy ☐ bad ☐ useful
2. We eat too many crisps and cakes.
☐ shouldn't ☐ aren't ☐ should ☐ are
3. have a lot of fat and salt.
☐ Biscuits ☐ Chocolate ☐ Sweets ☐ Crisps
4. There is a lot of and sugar in cakes, chocolate and biscuits.
☐ salt ☐ fat ☐ cheese ☐ rice

1. Hatem went to London last
☐ century ☐ week ☐ month ☐ year
2. Hatem had a holiday in London.
☐ great ☐ terrible ☐ bad ☐ cheap
3. London's shops are
☐ bad ☐ cheap ☐ fantastic ☐ wide
4. Hatem's favourite activity was a ride on the
☐ France Eye ☐ London Eye ☐ Cairo Eye ☐ Paris Eye

1. Ali has got a
☐ laptop ☐ tablet ☐ phone ☐ printer
2. It hasn't got a/an
☐ mouse ☐ screen ☐ icon ☐ message
3. It helps Ali in his
☐ food ☐ game ☐ study ☐ home

4. Ali's bought the tablet.

 mother

 brother

 sister

 father

B Language Focus

السؤال الثاني في ورقة الامتحان

2 Complete the following dialogue:

Ramy : Hi, Tarek. What does your classroom look like?

Tarek : It has a big table for the teacher to write on.

Ramy : Is there a 

Tarek : Oh yes. There are
It is used to click on the icons.

Ramy : How do you print paper?

Tarek : We have a  under the table.

Ramy : Is there an MP3 


Tarek : Yes, there is one.

Ramy : Do you like your school?

Tarek : Yes, I do.

Hamada : Where did you go on holiday?

Ali : I went to 

Hamada : What did you  there?

Ali : I swam in the 

Hamada : Did you enjoy the fantastic views there?

Ali : Yes, I 

Hamada : Were there many tourists there?

Ali : Yes, sure.

Hamada : When did you  back to Cairo?

Ali : I came back to Cairo on Thursday.

Final Revision

- Waiter : Hello. What would you like to have?
- You : Hello. Have you any pizza?
- Waiter : Yes. Small or large?
- You : Large, please.
- Waiter : What would you like to ?
- You : I'd like some juice, please.
- Waiter : Anything ?
- You : No, thank you. How are these?
- Waiter : They are 80 pounds.
- You : Thank you, here you are.

C Reading Comprehension

السؤال الثالث في ورقة الامتحان

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

Safaa's friends have got mobile phones, but her mum doesn't want to buy her one. Safaa's mum doesn't want Safaa to play games on it. This may waste her time. This is bad for her. She doesn't want her to use the internet. Safaa's mum says, "If Safaa has a mobile phone, she will use it all the time. I'm not buying her a mobile phone until she is eighteen". Safaa's dad disagrees with Safaa's mum. Although he agrees that there are some dangers, he finds it very useful. "Safaa can use it in her study at school," father said.

Answer the following questions:

1. Who doesn't want Safaa to have a mobile phone?
.....
2. Why shouldn't Safaa play games?
.....
3. Do you think mobile phones are useful? Why / Why not?
.....

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4. Safaa's dad finds mobile phones very

☐ useful

☐ bad

☐ dangerous

☐ expensive

 Vinci Vinci Vinci Vinci Vinci Vinci

A. Answer the following questions:

1. Where did the writer go to cook the food?

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100	200	300	400	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1100	1200	1300	1400	1500	1600	1700	1800	1900	2000	2100	2200	2300	2400	2500	2600	2700	2800	2900	3000	3100	3200	3300	3400	3500	3600	3700	3800	3900	4000	4100	4200	4300	4400	4500	4600	4700	4800	4900	5000	5100	5200	5300	5400	5500	5600	5700	5800	5900	6000	6100	6200	6300	6400	6500	6600	6700	6800	6900	7000	7100	7200	7300	7400	7500	7600	7700	7800	7900	8000	8100	8200	8300	8400	8500	8600	8700	8800	8900	9000	9100	9200	9300	9400	9500	9600	9700	9800	9900	10000
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B. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4. The writer has got _____.

























5. He didn't think of his food when he was _____.

6. He found _____ to eat.

Figure 1. The four types of the proposed fuzzy inference system.

Final Revision

Answer the following questions:

1. Where is shepherd's pie from?

2. What can you eat after koshari?

3. What are the ingredients of shepherd's pie?

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4. Koshari has _____ in it.

☐ pie

☐ fish

☐ cheese

☒ pasta

5. Shepherd's pie is a/an _____ meal.

☐ English

☐ French

☐ Egyptian

☒ Syrian

6. The underlined pronoun "It" refers to _____.

☐ a café

☐ koshari

☐ a restaurant

☒ a shepherd's pie

Vocabulary & Structure

السؤال الرابع في ورقة الامتحان

4. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. Hani is my close friend. He always tells me about his _____.

☐ selfies

☐ icons

☐ messages

☒ secrets

2. Don't worry _____ using the laptop. I'll show you how to use it.

☐ about

☐ on

☐ to

☒ at

3. _____ your mobile phone in the classroom.

☐ Use not

☐ Not use

☐ Don't use

☒ Not using

4. There _____ a big supermarket near my house.

☐ is

☐ be

☐ are

☒ aren't

5. My mother our car now.

drives was driving is driving drove

6. I never change the of my mobile phone.

secret password mouse whiteboard

7. Video make us able to see the person we talk to.

balls phones calls messages

8. Policemen make us feel all the time.

safe scared selfie hot

9. Our manager always gives us at work.

games icons insects instructions

10. At school we have a between lessons to eat and play.

secret park break game

1. What you have for dinner last night?

are do did have

2. A holiday is a place to stay for a holiday.

flat school theatre cinema

3. We saw a lot of beautiful trees in the

river forest waterfall sea

4. Yesterday, we lunch, then we did our homework.

has have having had

5. My father me to school three days ago.

drove drive driving drives

6. Children like building on the beach.

rooms sandcastles pools caves

7. My family and I rode camels. That was We enjoyed a lot.

fun problem run picnic

Final Revision

8. We camped in the forest and in a tent!
☐ a rode ☐ b swam ☐ c had ☐ d slept
9. I like that film. It is really
☐ a interesting ☐ b boring ☐ c terrible ☐ d bad
10. Did the tourists that mountain last year?
☐ a drove ☐ b rode ☐ c made ☐ d climbed

1. A: Have you got any juice?
 B: Yes, we've got apple juice and orange juice.
☐ a chocolate ☐ b biscuits ☐ c fruit ☐ d vegetables
2. Muhammad fish from the lake.
☐ a plays ☐ b catches ☐ c falls ☐ d drinks
3. We don't have tea. Let's go and buy some.
☐ a many ☐ b some ☐ c any ☐ d an
4. You drink lots of water after you do sports. It's important.
☐ a should ☐ b can't ☐ c mustn't ☐ d shouldn't
5. there any rice in this dish?
☐ a Have ☐ b Be ☐ c Are ☐ d Is
- 6- Potatoes and tomatoes are
☐ a fruit ☐ b sweets ☐ c vegetables ☐ d biscuits
- 7- drinks are not healthy.
☐ a Fizzy ☐ b Busy ☐ c Easy ☐ d Lazy
8. on the icon to show the picture on the screen.
☐ a Look ☐ b Block ☐ c Take ☐ d Click
9. To is to sleep for a time in a tent.
☐ a buy ☐ b camp ☐ c visit ☐ d ride
10. A is a round container that is used to cook things.
☐ a saucepan ☐ b glass ☐ c teaspoon ☐ d fork

السؤال الخامس في ورقة الامتحان

5 Read and correct the underlined words:

1. There are any cars in our street. (.....)
2. Always to do your homework after school. (.....)
3. Who helps you with your homework at the moment? (.....)
4. How many students is there in your school? (.....)

1. Marwa **don't** go shopping with her sister last weekend. (.....)
2. There aren't **some** vegetables in the fridge. (.....)
3. Would you like **any** juice? (.....)
4. How **many** salt did you add to the food? (.....)

1. Children **should** stay up too late at night. (.....)
2. Did you **bought** cheese yesterday? (.....)
3. How **many** water do you drink every day? (.....)
4. I **meet** Ali last night. (.....)

E Writing

السؤال السادس في ورقة الامتحان

6 Write a paragraph of EIGHTY (80) words on:

"Technology in your classroom"

.....

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.....

.....

.....

"A visit to Paris"

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"Food we should or shouldn't eat"

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Paragraphs

فقرات إنشائية وردت بالمنهج

A person in your family

I have a wonderful sister, Dina. She is 18 years old. She is a gymnast. She's 18 and lives in Germany. She is very beautiful. She goes to school and studies hard. In the year 2000, she went to the Olympics. She wants to go to the Olympics again and there she will win a medal. They want her to achieve her goal. They are all proud of her. I hope I will be like Dina.

My family

[illegible]

My hobbies

Everyone should have their own hobby. I like sports and drawing pictures. I play football and basketball with my friends. I play basketball on Mondays. I want to learn how to swim and play tennis matches in the club. Sports make me healthy and happy. I can relax myself very well. In my free time, I draw pictures. I draw people, animals, flowers, trees, etc. I like them.

My day

I always have a busy day. I get up at a quarter past six. I usually have breakfast with my family. Then I go to school. It always takes a short time to go there. When we have lessons in the morning, we go to the school hall. We have four lessons, then it is time to go to the dining hall for lunch. I don't come at 3 o'clock. I do my homework. At 9 o'clock I go to bed.

My journey to school

On school days I get up at 6:30 a.m. I take a shower before the bus arrives. I don't want to be late for school. I always get ready for school things. I always go to school by it. I always catch the bus. I don't have to wait a long time to go to school. The streets in my town are always busy. The bus is very fast. It's a nice journey. I like it very much.

What I do at the weekend

I am a student at prep school. I study my lessons well. I study every day. I do my homework, too. I never study at the weekend, but sometimes I read a book. I often go shopping with my mum. When it is not very hot, we usually go to the park. I usually meet my friends there. We always have a nice time there. This helps me study my lessons well again.

My grandfather

My grandfather is called Tawfeek. I like my grandfather very much. He's very kind and friendly. He always talks to me. He advises me all the time. He is tall. He has got a long white beard and a moustache. He has got white straight hair. He has got a farm. He is rich. He worked hard when he was young. He had a big family. I want to be like him. I want to be rich, too. My grandfather is a wonderful person.

My favourite sports star

Mohamed Salah is my favourite sports star. He is Egyptian. He plays football very well. He plays football for a very good team in Europe. It's an English team. It's called "Liverpool". He plays for Egypt, too. He's a fast runner. He has got curly hair and a beard. He is not very tall. He scores a lot of goals. Mohamed Salah is very kind. He gives money to poor people. He's very friendly. He always talks to his fans. He likes playing video games.

A character in a book or film

I love reading books by Charles Dickens. My favourite book is "Oliver Twist". It's about a boy who is poor and weak. He is an orphan boy. His mother dies when he is a baby. He lives nine years with a bad woman. He eats very little. He works hard. Thieves take him. They want him to steal. Oliver is a brave boy. He can leave them. He lives with a good man. In the end, he lives a happy life. I like him because he is a sensible boy.

How to stay safe online

Many people like technology! They like to go online. Sometimes they make new friends. They like playing games with them. Some people are worried when they go online. They never make friends with people they don't know. They keep their passwords secret. They don't send photos to people they don't know. They don't tell anyone their personal information. They always ask their parents and teachers for help. They don't answer a phone call from anyone they don't know. You should always try to stay safe online.

Technology in my classroom

Most schools use technology. My school uses technology, too. My classroom has got many important things. They are very useful. We often use tablets in our classroom. There are two laptops on our teacher's desk. There's a printer, too. All students have got mobile phones. They are in their bags. We don't use mobile phones in the classroom. Our teacher's got an MP3 player. It's small and blue. He has got a mobile phone on his desk. He has got a phone charger, too.

Final Revision

Your last holiday

I always remember my last holiday. It was fun. We went to Hurgada. The weather was nice. We enjoyed the beautiful beach. We stayed in a holiday flat by the beach. We had a wonderful view from the windows. I saw dolphins in the sea. We swam every day. We visited famous places. I bought many souvenirs for my friends. We made sandcastles on the beach. We ate delicious food there. I want to go there again.

A visit to Paris

I visited Paris with my family last week. We had a wonderful time. It's a great city for a holiday. There was so much to see and do. The food was delicious. I ate kinds of food. We climbed the Eiffel Tower. From the top we had a view of the city. We visited museums there. We went on a boat on the river Seine. We had a picnic in the Luxembourg Gardens. We saw the art at the Louvre. We also bought souvenirs for our friends. It was a fantastic holiday.

On the beach

I went to the beach last weekend. When we arrived there it was very windy and the sea was high. Then the wind stopped. The sea became calm. We swam in the wonderful water. We sat on the beach. We ate sandwiches. We drank juice. We made sandcastles. We flew kites. We played games on the beach. We went fishing in a boat. There were many kinds of fish. We went on a boat trip. We saw dolphins. It was a wonderful day.

Your favourite food

There are many kinds of food. There is healthy food and unhealthy food. We should eat healthy food. My favourite food is salad and meat. I eat salad with each meal. Salad is very healthy. It contains many kinds of vegetables. They are useful for our body. I don't add too much salt to the salad. Too much salt is unhealthy. I like meat, too. Meat is the best food. It helps build our body. It has a wonderful taste. I don't eat too much of it because this is unhealthy. I don't eat too much fat, too.

Food we should or shouldn't eat

Doctors tell us to eat a lot of fruit and a lot of vegetables. They tell us to drink more water and less coke. But we just continue to eat lots of pizzas, sweets, chips cakes and biscuits. Unhealthy food makes your body unhealthy. When you get older you start to have a lot of health problems. But most of us don't think much about the future. We only think about today. We only think that hamburgers taste better than salad. We think drinks with sugar are nicer than water. If you want to be healthy, you must eat healthy food every day and take some exercise.

General Exercises ?

أسئلة عامة على المنهج حسب ترتيب الورقة الإمتحانية

Exercises

3D / WA

السؤال الثانى فى ورقة الامتحان

2 - Complete the following dialogue

Mum : Ali!

Ali : Yes, Mum.

Mum : here, please, Ali.

Ali : Yes, Mum. What is it?

Mum : playing on your phone and listen to me. I need you to do something.

Ali : Yes, OK. What do you want me to do?

Mum : Please, to the shop, buy some sugar, and it to your grandmother's house.

Ali : OK, Mum.

Mum : be late, Ali.

Ali : Sure, Mum.

Waiter : Hello. What would you like today?

You : Hello. Have you got any?

Waiter : Yes. Small or large?

You :, please.

Waiter : What would you like to drink?

You : I'd like some, please.

Waiter : Anything else?

You : No, thank you. How is it?

Waiter : That's 80, please.

You : Thank you, here you are.

Hatem : What is your favourite, Imad?

Imad : I like English.

Hatem : Who's our English this year?

Final Revision

Imad : It's Mrs Eman.

Hatem : She's a good teacher. And when have we English?

Imad : We got English today, after break.

Hatem : Are you good English?

Imad : Yes, I am.

Hatem : Can you help me?

Imad : Sure.

Dalida : This is a photo of my cousin.

Reem : What his name?

Dalida : It's Fares.

Reem : How is he?

Dalida : He's 14.

Reem : Where does he live?

Dalida : He in Giza.

Reem : What does he love?

Dalida : He loves fish and rice.

Reem : What does he like?

Dalida : He likes basketball.

Ramy : I went to Alexandria last week.

Rahma :?

Ramy : When we arrived, it was raining.

Rahma : Oh!

Ramy : We didn't want to swim in the sea.

Rahma : a pity.

Then the rain stopped and we went on a boat trip.

Rahma : exciting!

Ramy : I bought this for you.

Rahma : That's interesting!

Hana : Hello! Nadia.

Nadia : Hello! Hana.

General Exercises

- Hana** : What is ① favourite hobby?
Nadia : I like sports. I play tennis ② Tuesdays.
Hana : ③ do you play it?
Nadia : In the club.
Hana : Who do you play with?
Nadia : With ④ friend Faten.
Hana : Do you have any other hobbies?
Nadia : ⑤ , I like reading.

- Waiter** : Good afternoon! What would you like to eat?
Customer : I'd like ① , please.
Waiter : OK. Anything else?
Customer : Yes, I want orange ② , please.
Waiter : Small or large?
Customer : ③ , please.
Waiter : Is that ④ ?
Customer : Yes.
Waiter : I'll be back soon.
Customer : ⑤ you.

السؤال الرابع فى ورقة الامتحان

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

SBINB Vocabulary

- Mohamed Salah a lot of goals.
☐ a records ☐ b plays ☐ c scores ☐ d gives
- A:** How tall is Mohamed Salah?
B: He is 1.75 tall.
☐ a kilometres ☐ b kilograms ☐ c centimetres ☐ d metres
- Salah gives money to help people schools and hospitals.
☐ a to build ☐ b to building ☐ c building ☐ d built
- I can't pick up that box. My arms are
☐ a weak ☐ b strong ☐ c tall ☐ d friendly
- Ziad has got a new MP3
☐ a teacher ☐ b listener ☐ c player ☐ d printer

Final Revision

6. _____ mother _____ father. He had no mother or father.
☐ a happy ☐ b careful ☐ c cheerful ☐ d orphan
7. You can learn a lot about rice pudding recipes
☐ a online ☐ b line ☐ c fine ☐ d outline
8. We should look our teeth.
☐ a for ☐ b after ☐ c from ☐ d to
9. The name of the comes from the pot for this food.
☐ a cooking ☐ b baking ☐ c writing ☐ d swimming
10. Your is your mum or dad's sister.
☐ a uncle ☐ b grandmother ☐ c grandfather ☐ d aunt
11. Your brother is your parent's
☐ a daughter ☐ b sister ☐ c uncle ☐ d son
12. In a school, students play games in a
☐ a playground ☐ b theatre ☐ c museum ☐ d library
13. A: have we got next? B: It's Computer Studies next.
☐ a grade ☐ b timetable ☐ c school ☐ d subject
14. What's your subject?
☐ a favourite ☐ b favour ☐ c fat ☐ d heavy
15. What is the name of Ali's and how old is he?
☐ a younger brother ☐ b grandfather ☐ c sister ☐ d daughter
16. My mum is a teacher. Dad is a teacher,
☐ a to ☐ b two ☐ c too ☐ d tie
17. Our grandmother is 64 and she's Huda.
☐ a cooled ☐ b sailed ☐ c called ☐ d killed
18. are animals that are like sheep.
☐ a Horses ☐ b Goats ☐ c Parrots ☐ d Monkeys
19. A/An is a room at the top of a house.
☐ a stair ☐ b hall ☐ c kitchen ☐ d attic
20. He is sending messages to his grandfather now.
☐ a test ☐ b text ☐ c selfie ☐ d icon
21. There are three laptop in the classroom.
☐ a games ☐ b videos ☐ c computers ☐ d phones
22. Ziad has got a phone.
☐ a mobile ☐ b mouse ☐ c icon ☐ d chair
23. Keep your secret when you use technology.
☐ a nature ☐ b password ☐ c break ☐ d advice
24. The is very high and there's lots of water in it.
☐ a beach ☐ b cave ☐ c lake ☐ d waterfall

25. A is a place with lots of houses and shops.
☐ a mountain ☐ b forest ☐ c city ☐ d desert
26. Habiba is a top She wants to go to the Olympics.
☐ a gymnast ☐ b viewer ☐ c teacher ☐ d worker
27. Athletes work hard to their studies, their sport and their friends and family.
☐ a break ☐ b answer ☐ c practise ☐ d balance
28. You can find a lot of books in a
☐ a hospital ☐ b cinema ☐ c playground ☐ d library
29. A/An is a very big room for a lot of students and teachers.
☐ a hall ☐ b hole ☐ c hill ☐ d wall
30. On a weekend, I visit my grandmother.
☐ a typical ☐ b careful ☐ c helpful ☐ d famous
31. A is a place to stay for a holiday.
☐ a library ☐ b restaurant ☐ c castle ☐ d holiday flat
32. The is a friendly sea animal.
☐ a dolphin ☐ b shark ☐ c lion ☐ d tiger
33. A is what you can see from a place.
☐ a view ☐ b picture ☐ c message ☐ d flat
34. A is a big, strong building from the past.
☐ a flat ☐ b house ☐ c castle ☐ d restaurant
35. Ali plays a lot of, for example: tennis and football.
☐ a colours ☐ b languages ☐ c sports ☐ d photos
36. A plane is very It can go at 900 km/h.
☐ a tall ☐ b weak ☐ c slow ☐ d fast
37. A baby bird is very It cannot fly for many days.
☐ a poor ☐ b weak ☐ c strong ☐ d tall
38. How is the Cairo Tower? - It is 187 metres.
☐ a long ☐ b strong ☐ c tall ☐ d fast
39. My aunt is very She always gives me presents.
☐ a kind ☐ b poor ☐ c unkind ☐ d weak
40. Camels are very They can carry 200 kilos of bags.
☐ a weak ☐ b low ☐ c strong ☐ d poor
41. The woman in the picture has got long hair.
☐ a street ☐ b star ☐ c straight ☐ d small
42. After I my homework, I like reading a book.
☐ a make ☐ b go ☐ c score ☐ d do
43. A person is happy to do something dangerous.
☐ a sensible ☐ b brave ☐ c busy ☐ d scary

Final Revision

- ## Final Revision

63. It is to cycle to school.

☐ bad

☐ healthy

☐ unhealthy

☐ harmful

64. The trains are slow but buses are

☐ quick

☐ busy

☐ late

☐ early

SBWB Grammar

1. These are the football shirts. They will wear them tomorrow.

☐ boy's

☐ boys'

☐ boys's

☐ boy

2. That is not Mr Abdelaziz's ball. It is the ball.

☐ children

☐ children's

☐ childrens'

☐ childs'

3. I the drums.

☐ play

☐ playing

☐ is playing

☐ plays

4. I listen to music.

☐ aren't

☐ doesn't

☐ don't

☐ isn't

5. That is not the children's notebook. It is the

☐ teacher

☐ teachers

☐ teacher's

☐ teachers's

6. The names are Mena and Soha.

☐ girl's

☐ girls

☐ girl

☐ girls

7. This is the room. They always have rest there.

☐ teacher

☐ teachers

☐ teacher's

☐ teachers'

8. Samir got short hair.

☐ is

☐ has

☐ have

☐ was

9. I got glasses.

☐ haven't

☐ has

☐ hasn't

☐ don't

10. Has your friend straight hair?

☐ get

☐ getting

☐ to get

☐ got

11. Salah likes video games when he is at home.

☐ play

☐ playing

☐ plays

☐ to playing

12. the message icon to send a text message.

☐ Don't tap

☐ Tapping

☐ To tap

☐ Tap

13. friends with people you don't know to keep safe online.

☐ Don't make

☐ Make

☐ Makes

☐ To make

14. The beach far from Sayed's home.

☐ was

☐ were

☐ are

☐ weren't

15. Did you on holiday last year?

☐ went

☐ goes

☐ go

☐ going

Final Revision

16. It is very hot in the summer.
☐ never ☒ not ☐ hardly ☐ usually
17. We go to the beach in winter. It's too cold there.
☐ never ☐ always ☐ usually ☐ sometimes
18. Mohamed Salah score lots of goals.
☐ has ☒ do ☐ can ☐ have
19. I quite like sport. My favourite sport is tennis.
☐ to doing ☒ does ☐ doing ☐ do
20. She's you a photo now.
☐ send ☒ sends ☐ sent ☐ sending
21. there any cheese?
☐ Are ☒ Were ☐ Does ☐ Is
22. Crisps have too salt and fat.
☐ any ☒ much ☐ some ☐ many
23. We drink a glass of milk every day.
☐ can't ☒ should ☐ couldn't ☐ shouldn't
24. We have drinks with a lot of sugar.
☐ should ☒ shouldn't ☐ must ☐ have to
25. It's her car. often drives it.
☐ Her ☒ She ☐ Hers ☐ Mine
26. Throw the ball to please. I am waiting.
☐ I ☒ me ☐ my ☐ mine
27. What did you on Saturday evening?
☐ did ☒ do ☐ does ☐ doing
28. What did your mother at the market?
☐ buy ☒ bought ☐ buying ☐ buys
29. you go to Alexandria? Yes, I did.
☐ Do ☒ Did ☐ Does ☐ Is
30. there any hummus?
☐ Is ☒ Are ☐ Were ☐ Am
31. There are raisins in the fridge.
☐ much ☒ a ☐ any ☐ some
32. A: Is there teacher? B: No, there isn't.
☐ any ☒ a ☐ an ☐ some
33. Look! My grandma a book.
☐ read ☐ is reading ☐ have read ☐ will read

34. They at websites for information.

- a** 's looking **b** 's looked **c** 're looking **d** looking

35. I don't like these cakes I bought because there is too sugar in them.

- a** too much **b** too many **c** enough **d** a lot

36. There are of flowers and insects in the park.

- a** much **b** lot **c** a lots **d** lots

37. There are rain for orange trees to grow in the desert.

- a** too much **b** too many **c** enough **d** a lot of

38. We eat too many crisps.

- a** should **b** doesn't **c** must **d** shouldn't

39. We drink too much fruit juice.

- a** should **b** shouldn't **c** can **d** not

40. I my car too often because it's new.

- a** should **b** mustn't **c** shouldn't **d** can't

41. Lama feels ill. She see a doctor.

- a** can't **b** shouldn't **c** should **d** mustn't

السؤال الخامس في ورقة الامتحان

SBINB Grammar

5 Read and correct the underlined words:

1. She don't go swimming. (-----)
2. Can me have my pen, please? (-----)
3. This is Alis phone. It's new. (-----)
4. There are two sisters. (-----)
5. Tell me about yours family. (-----)
6. Don't tell a secret or a secret if you are worried about something. (-----)
7. Does you play chess? (-----)
8. Do he play football on Mondays? (-----)
9. I'm not good at run. I'm very slow. (-----)
10. We can giving money to help poor people. (-----)
11. She's my mum. I'm hers son. (-----)
12. I like swimming in the pool, but I like ice cream. (-----)
13. Hello! Aunt. What are people in your family, do. (-----)
14. There are an MP3 player and a book in the bag. (-----)

Final Revision

15. Are the students in your class work? (.....)
16. To put the hot water in a cup with a tea bag. (.....)
17. Taking out the tea bag. (.....)
18. My brother and I don't like watch TV after school. (.....)
19. There are an MP3 player behind the laptop. (.....)
20. Ali is a kind man. He is never good to poor people. (.....)
21. Tarek's uncle has got a beard, but he has got a moustache. (.....)
22. Have you got dark hair? Yes, I do. (.....)
23. All my brothers and sisters have get dark curly hair. (.....)

السؤال السادس في ورقة الامتحان

6 Write a paragraph of EIGHTY (80) words on

- A person in your family

- Your family

- Your hobbies

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- Your day

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- What you do at the weekend

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- Your journey to school

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Final Revision

- Your favourite sports star

- A character in a book or film

- Your grandfather

- How to stay safe online

- Technology in your classroom

- Your last holiday

- A visit to Paris

- On the beach

Final Revision

- Food we should or shouldn't eat

- Your favourite food

General Exercises

أسئلة عامة على المنهج تشتمل على أسئلة SB / WB

SB & WB Exercises

Vocabulary

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- All the children in our school go to the when the head teacher wants to talk to us.
 a cave b hall c house d zoo
- For homework, we often read books from the
 a street b house c playground d library
- Ziad has got a phone.
 a mobile b mouse c icon d chair
- You should keep your secret when you use technology.
 a nature b password c break d advice
- The is very high and there's lots of water in it.
 a beach b cave c lake d waterfall
- On a weekend, I visit my grandmother.
 a typical b careful c helpful d famous
- There are three laptop in the classroom.
 a players b videos c computers d phones
- Adam is sending messages to his grandfather now.
 a test b text c selfie d icon
- Your is your mum or dad's sister.
 a uncle b grandmother c grandfather d aunt
- It is to cycle to school.
 a bad b healthy c unhealthy d harmful
- We should look our teeth.
 a after b for c from d to
- The woman in the picture has got long hair.
 a street b straight c star d small
- After I my homework, I like reading a book.
 a make b go c score d do
- A person is happy to do something dangerous.
 a sensible b brave c busy d scary
- A/An person knows a lot.
 a sensible b scary c clever d angry
- I like swimming in the pool it is nice and cool.
 a because b before c but d ago

17. There is a mouse _____ the laptop on the teacher's desk.
a there **b** near **c** between **d** far
18. _____ the icon on your mobile phone.
a Type **b** Call **c** Tap **d** Tie
19. _____ at the website and find information.
a Tap **b** Look **c** Click **d** Use
20. What is the name of Ali's _____ and how old is he?
a grandmother **b** daughter **c** sister **d** grandfather
21. My mum is a teacher. Dad is a teacher, _____.
a to **b** two **c** too **d** tie
22. You can learn a lot about rice pudding recipes
a online **b** line **c** fine **d** outline
23. _____ are animals that are like sheep.
a Dinosaurs **b** Goats **c** Parrots **d** Monkeys
24. A/An _____ is a room at the top of a house.
a stair **b** hall **c** kitchen **d** attic
25. Our grandmother is 64 and she's _____ Huda.
a called **b** sailed **c** killed **d** cooled
26. Camels are very _____. They can carry 200 kilos of bags.
a weak **b** low **c** strong **d** poor
27. The name "tagine" comes from the _____ pot for this food.
a cooking **b** playing **c** writing **d** swimming
28. The canoe _____ the students to school and home again every day.
a rides **b** gives **c** drives **d** takes
29. A/An _____ person makes good decisions.
a safe **b** sensible **c** strange **d** exciting
30. Heidi is a story of a/an _____ girl. She had no mother or father.
a happy **b** careful **c** cheerful **d** orphan
31. A _____ is a place with lots of houses and shops.
a mountain **b** forest **c** city **d** desert
32. Habiba is a top _____. She wants to go to the Olympics.
a gymnast **b** viewer **c** teacher **d** worker
33. Athletes work hard to _____ their studies, their sport and their friends and family.
a break **b** answer **c** practise **d** balance
34. You can find a lot of books in a _____.
a hospital **b** library **c** playground **d** cinema
35. The trains are slow but buses are _____.
a quick **b** busy **c** late **d** early
36. Osama likes playing football, basketball _____ tennis.
a but **b** and **c** so **d** because

37. A baby bird is very It cannot fly for many days.
a poor **b** tall **c** strong **d** weak
38. How is the Cairo Tower? - It is 187 metres.
a long **b** strong **c** tall **d** fast
39. My aunt is very She always gives me presents.
a kind **b** poor **c** unkind **d** weak
40. A is a very big room for a lot of students and teachers.
a hill **b** hole **c** hall **d** wall
41. In a school, students play games in a
a theatre **b** playground **c** museum **d** library
42. A: What have we got next?
 B: It is Computer Studies next.
a grade **b** timetable **c** school **d** subject
43. What's your subject?
a favourite **b** favour **c** fat **d** heavy
44. Mohamed Salah a lot of goals.
a records **b** plays **c** scores **d** gives
45. Your brother is your parents'
a son **b** sister **c** uncle **d** daughter
46. The strange of that man frightened me.
a appear **b** kindness **c** fun **d** appearance
47. A person is always doing something.
a frightened **b** scary **c** busy **d** free
48. A plane is very It can go at 900 km/h.
a tall **b** weak **c** slow **d** fast
49. A/An is something you do not want to tell people.
a nature **b** secret **c** insect **d** break
50. A: How tall is Mohamed Salah? B: He is 1.75 tall.
a kilometres **b** kilograms **c** centimetres **d** metres
51. The is a friendly sea animal.
a dolphin **b** shark **c** lion **d** tiger
52. I can't pick up that box. My arms are
a strong **b** weak **c** tall **d** friendly
53. Ziad has got a new MP3
a teacher **b** listener **c** player **d** printer
54. The whiteboard is the teacher's desk.
a between **b** inside **c** with **d** behind
55. A is what you can see from a place.
a view **b** picture **c** message **d** flat
56. A is a big, strong building from the past.
a flat **b** house **c** castle **d** restaurant

57. Ali plays a lot of _____, for example: tennis and football.
a colours **b** languages **c** photos **d** sports
58. Computers and mobile phones are examples of _____.
a technology **b** passwords **c** nature **d** video games
59. To _____ is to sleep for a time in a tent.
a buy **b** camp **c** visit **d** ride
60. A _____ is a place to stay for a holiday.
a library **b** restaurant **c** castle **d** holiday flat
61. Salah gives money to help people _____ schools and hospitals.
a to build **b** to building **c** building **d** built
62. The boy is _____ a kite in the park.
a turning **b** boiling **c** flying **d** adding
63. It's important to stay _____ online.
a safe **b** worried **c** colourful **d** save
64. We often get _____ when we are unhappy about something.
a hungry **b** angry **c** scary **d** clever

SB & WB Exercises

Grammar

1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. What did you _____ on Saturday evening?
a did **b** do **c** does **d** doing
2. What did your mother _____ at the market?
a buy **b** bought **c** buying **d** buys
3. That is not the children's notebook. It is the _____.
a teacher **b** teachers **c** teacher's **d** teachers's
4. _____ there any hummus?
a Is **b** Are **c** Were **d** Am
5. We _____ eat too many crisps.
a should **b** doesn't **c** must **d** shouldn't
6. Throw the ball to _____ please. I am waiting.
a I **b** mine **c** me **d** my
7. It is _____ very hot in the summer.
a never **b** usually **c** hardly **d** not
8. We _____ go to the beach in winter. It's too cold there.
a never **b** always **c** usually **d** sometimes
9. Mohamed Salah _____ score lots of goals.
a has **b** do **c** can **d** have
10. I quite like _____ sport. My favourite sport is tennis.
a to doing **b** doing **c** does **d** do

11. There are _____ of flowers and insects in the park.
a much **b** lot **c** a lots **d** lots
12. There is not _____ rain for orange trees to grow in the desert.
a few **b** too many **c** enough **d** a lot of
13. There are _____ raisins in the fridge.
a some **b** a **c** much **d** any
14. We _____ drink too much fruit juice.
a should **b** shouldn't **c** can **d** not
15. This is the _____ room. They always have rest there.
a teacher **b** teachers **c** teacher's **d** teachers'
16. I _____ the drums.
a play **b** playing **c** is playing **d** plays
17. I _____ listen to music.
a aren't **b** don't **c** doesn't **d** isn't
18. _____ you go to Alexandria? Yes, I did.
a Do **b** Does **c** Did **d** Is
19. The _____ names are Mena and Soha.
a girl's **b** girls **c** girl **d** girls'
20. You _____ always clean your teeth before you go to bed.
a mustn't **b** should **c** shouldn't **d** can't
21. I _____ got glasses.
a haven't **b** has **c** hasn't **d** don't
22. Salah likes _____ video games when he is at home.
a play **b** playing **c** plays **d** to playing
23. We _____ drink a glass of milk every day.
a can't **b** couldn't **c** should **d** shouldn't
24. We _____ have drinks with a lot of sugar.
a shouldn't **b** should **c** must **d** have to
25. It's her car. _____ often drives it.
a Her **b** Mine **c** Hers **d** She
26. These are the _____ football shirts. They will wear them tomorrow.
a boy's **b** boys' **c** boys's **d** boy
27. That is not Mr Abdelaziz's ball. It is the _____ ball.
a children **b** childrens' **c** children's **d** childs'
28. Samir _____ got short hair.
a is **b** has **c** have **d** was
29. _____ there any cheese?
a Are **b** Were **c** Does **d** Is

30. Has your friend straight hair?
a got **b** getting **c** to get **d** get
31. She's you a photo now.
a send **b** sends **c** sending **d** sent
32. friends with people you don't know to keep safe online.
a Don't make **b** Make **c** Makes **d** To make
33. Look! My grandma a book.
a read **b** is reading **c** have read **d** will read
34. They at websites for information.
a 's looking **b** 's looked **c** 're looking **d** looking
35. I don't like these cakes because they have sugar in them.
a too much **b** too many **c** enough **d** a lot
36. Crisps have too salt and fat.
a any **b** much **c** some **d** many
37. the message icon to send a text message.
a Don't tap **b** Tapping **c** To tap **d** Tap
38. **A:** Is there teacher? **B:** No, there isn't.
a any **b** a **c** an **d** some
39. The beach far from Sayed's home.
a was **b** were **c** are **d** weren't
40. Did you on holiday last year?
a went **b** goes **c** go **d** going
41. Lama feels ill. She see a doctor.
a can't **b** should **c** shouldn't **d** mustn't

2 Read and correct the underlined word(s):

1. What is your sister look like? (.....)
2. She's my mum. I'm hers son. (.....)
3. Tell me about yours family. (.....)
4. **Does** you play chess? (.....)
5. She don't go swimming. (.....)
6. I'm not good at run. I'm very slow. (.....)
7. My brother and I don't like **watch** TV after school. (.....)
8. **Don't tell** your parent or teacher if you are worried about something. (.....)
9. **Putting** the rice pudding in the fridge. (.....)
10. **Taking** out the tea bag. (.....)
11. This is Alis phone. It's new! (.....)

12. These are my sisters shoes. Her name is Huda. ()
13. That is Ahmed and Hossam house. ()
14. Tarek's uncle has got a beard, but he has got a moustache. ()
15. Have you got dark hair? - Yes, I do. ()
16. We can giving money to help poor people. ()
17. All my brothers and sisters have get dark curly hair. ()
18. **Do** he play football on Mondays? ()
19. **A:** Does Salem like playing computer games?
B: Yes, he likes. ()
20. Mustafa loves playing football but he doesn't like play tennis. ()
21. Hello! Adel. What are people in your family do? ()
22. There are an MP3 player behind the laptop. ()
23. I'm play chess online now. ()
24. Ali is a kind man. He is never good to poor people. ()
25. Are the students in your classroom work? ()
26. **To put** the hot water in a cup with a tea bag. ()
27. Can me have my pen, please? ()

 Write a paragraph of about EIGHTY (80) words on:

1- Your hobbies

2- A person in your family

3- Your best friend

4- Your usual work

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5- Your day

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6- Your journey to school

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7- What you usually do at the weekend

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8- Your favourite sports star

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9- A blog post about yourself

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10- A character in a book or film

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11- A person in your family

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12- How to stay safe online

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13- Technology in your classroom

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14- What did you do last summer?

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15- A healthy meal

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16- A day on the beach.

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17- Food you should or shouldn't eat.

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Azhar Exercises

تمارينات الأزهر الشريف

Supply the missing parts in the following two mini-dialogues:

1. **Leila** : What is your father, Noha?

Noha :

2. **Fady** : ?

Adel : We live in 6th October City.

1. **Omar** : How old is your sister, Munir?

Munir :

2. **Emad** : ?

Shahd : Yes, I listen to music.

1. **Reda** : What time does maths start on Monday?

Gehan :

2. **Essam** : ?

Hussein: I travel to school by bus.

1. **Samy** : What time is the break?

Nader :

2. **Gamal** : ?

Tamer : It's mine.

1. **Amal** : Why is it important to go to school?

Hadeer :

2. **Naglaa** : ?

Amira : It takes about half an hour.

1. **Zeinab** : What subject have we got next?

Hanaa :

2. **Ayman** : ?

Omar : It is after break.

1. **Zahraa** : What is your favourite subject?

Magda :

2. **Hady** :?

Mazin : My favourite sports star is Messi.

1. **Bahaa** : Are your brothers the same or different to you?

Salwa :

2. **Emad** :?

Nabila : I think he is a brave person.

1. **Maged** : Is there a printer in your classroom?

Sally :

2. **Samir** :?

Hanan : No, there aren't.

1. **Dalia** : Are you writing an email?

Munira :

2. **Safaa** :?

Hassan : Yes, he's wearing black shoes.

1. **Hala** : Did you enjoy your holiday?

Gana :

2. **Atef** :?

Ziad : I ate a lot of fish.

1. **Rania** : I've passed my final exams.

Samia :

2. **Kamal** :?

Ahmed : Yes, you should eat vegetables and fruit.

1. **Amir** : Which snacks are good for me?

Father :

2. **Customer** :?

Waiter : Yes. We've got orange juice.

End of Term Practice

مجاب عنه في آخر الكتاب

A Listening

1 Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

نص الاستماع الخاص بهذا السؤال في آخر الكتاب 

1. Shorouk goes to school
☐ a alone ☐ b with Lubna only
☐ c with her mother ☐ d with Lubna and Alaa
2. Shorouk is in stage.
☐ a nursery ☐ b preparatory ☐ c secondary ☐ d university
3. Shorouk's parents work in
☐ a the same place ☐ b different places
☐ c the same school ☐ d a factory
4. work in a hospital.
☐ a Alaa's parents ☐ b Lubna's parents
☐ c Shorouk's parents ☐ d No parents

B Language Functions

2 Complete the following dialogue:

Nessma and Reem go to the school library.

Reem : Good morning, Nessma, when will we start doing our research?

Nessma : During the break.

Reem : Great. Where ① ?

Nessma : In the school library.

Reem : Are ② ?

Nessma : Of course, I'm ready.

Reem : Is it easy to find the books we need?

Nessma : ③

Reem : Who will help us there?

Nessma : ④

Reem : I hope ⑤ !

C Reading Comprehension

3 Read the following, then answer the questions.

My name is Mona. I want to be a doctor here in Cairo so I always work hard at school. My favourite subjects are science and computer studies. I also want to speak good English to other children in different places. My teacher is very good, but I also like to use technology. I use a tablet to practise my English. Sometimes I use my phone, too! Last year, I learnt English in London with my family. It was fantastic! I cycled to a summer school every day, and I met students from different countries. I now have a friend from Uganda! My favourite place was a river in Cambridge. It was very beautiful, but I didn't swim in it!

A. Answer the following questions:

1- What are Mona's favourite subjects?

.....

2- Why does she want to speak English?

.....

3- Is Mona right to use technology? Why?

.....

B. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4- The underlined word "it" refers to

- a** Cairo **b** technology **c** a river **d** summer school

5- Where is Mona now?

- a** In Egypt **b** In England **c** In Uganda **d** In Cambridge

6- What does Mona use to practise her English?

- a** Her tablet **b** Her phone **c** Her laptop **d** a and b

7- Mona is talking about her

- a** pets and hobbies **b** life and friends
c boss at work **d** travels to Uganda

D Vocabulary & Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

1. There are too people on this beach. Let's go to a different one.

- a** many **b** much **c** enough **d** few

2. My uncle is very He chooses things wisely.

- a** strong **b** tall **c** fast **d** sensible

3. I love sports. _____ is my favourite school subject.
a PE **b** Maths
a Computer studies **b** Art
4. The Egyptian football team arrived _____ Uganda two days ago.
a in **b** at **c** for **d** from
5. On a _____ weekend, Omar reads books at the club library.
a tropical **b** physical **c** spicy **d** typical
6. Ahmed likes history because he loves _____ about the past.
a learns **b** to learning **c** learning **d** learnt
7. My father and mother are my _____.
a grandchildren **b** parents **c** cousins **d** daughters
8. The tourists are _____ a selfie next to the River Nile.
a touching **b** drawing **c** relaxing **d** taking
9. Tom is writing about his weekend in his online _____.
a 3D printer **b** diary **c** mouse **d** laptop
10. Why don't we _____ swimming next week?
a go **b** do **c** make **d** see

5 Read and correct the underlined word(s):

- 1- What do you have for breakfast yesterday? (-----.)
 2- There are too much salt in this recipe. (-----.)
 3- Amr shouldn't drink too many fruit juice. (-----.)
 4- Gymnastics are my favourite sport. (-----.)

E Writing

6 Write an email of 80 words about a typical day in your life.

